

# Mineral Industry Surveys

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## U.S. PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MINERAL COMMODITIES IN THE THIRD QUARTER 2017

U.S. mine and plant production data for 14 selected mineral commodities are provided monthly (or quarterly) by the U.S. Geological Survey to the Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System (FRS), for use in preparing its index of industrial production and the related capacity indexes and capacity utilization rates. These measures cover manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities, and they are among the key economic indicators monitored by the FRS for guidance in determining national monetary policy.

#### **Construction Materials**

The combined production of construction materials (cement, construction sand and gravel, crushed stone, and gypsum) in the third quarter of 2017 was 7% higher compared with that in the second quarter of 2017. Gypsum, however, was essentially unchanged compared with that in the second quarter of 2017 (figure 1, table 1).

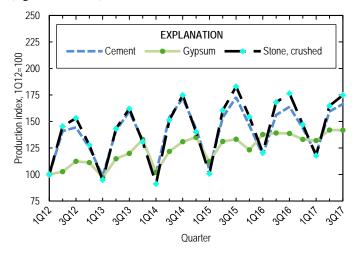


Figure 1. U.S. production of selected construction-related mineral commodities from the first quarter of 2012 through the third quarter of 2017, indexed to the first quarter of 2012. Source: U.S. Geological Survey.

#### **Base Metals**

Production of secondary aluminum remained essentially unchanged in the third quarter of 2017 and has remained that way since the first quarter 2016, copper production decreased by 6%, whereas iron ore and zinc increased slightly and by 16%, respectively, compared with that in the second quarter of 2017 (fig. 2, table 1).

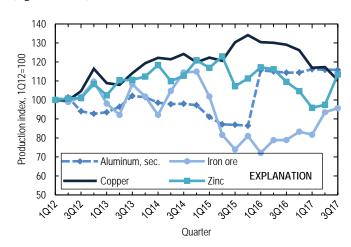


Figure 2. U.S. production of selected base metals from the first quarter of 2012 through the third quarter of 2017, indexed to the first quarter of 2012. Source: U.S. Geological Survey.

### **Precious Metals**

During the third quarter of 2017, gold and silver production decreased by 10% each compared with production in the second quarter of 2017 (fig. 3, table 1). The continued strike at a polymetallic silver and lead mine in Idaho contributed to the decreased silver production.

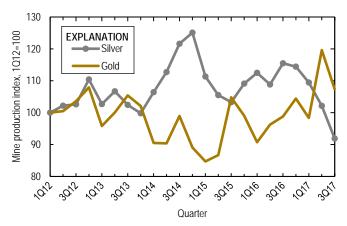


Figure 3. U.S. mine production of gold and silver from the first quarter of 2012 through the third quarter of 2017, indexed to the first quarter of 2012. Source: U.S. Geological Survey.

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TABLE 1 PRODUCTION TRENDS FOR SELECTED MINERAL COMMODITIES

	Percent change,	Percent change,
	3d quarter 2017	YTD 2017
	VS.	VS.
Mineral commodity	2d quarter 2017 <sup>1</sup>	YTD 2016 <sup>1</sup>
Aluminum (secondary)	(2)	1
Cement	4	2
Copper	-6	-12
Gold	-10	14
Gypsum	(2)	(2)
Iron ore	2	18
Lead	-9	-13
Molybdenum	13	16
Phosphate rock	-1	1
Sand and gravel, construction	8	-1
Silver	-10	-10
Soda ash	1	(2)
Stone, crushed	6	-2
Zinc	16	-11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on data available as of December 14, 2017. <sup>2</sup>Less than 0.5 percent.

 $\label{eq:table 2} \textbf{U.S. PRODUCTION OF SELECTED MINERAL COMMODITIES, BY QUARTER}^{1,2}$ 

			2016							1st qua	arter-
					1st quarter-		2017		3d quarter		
Mineral commodity		1st quarter	2d quarter	3d quarter	4th quarter	4th quarter	1st quarter	2d quarter	3d quarter	2016	2017
Aluminum <sup>3</sup>	thousand metric tons	242	241	240	240	963	244	243	243	723	730
Cement <sup>4</sup>	million metric tons	16.8	22.2	23.3	20.4	82.6	17.0	22.6	23.6	62.2	63.2
Copper <sup>5</sup>	thousand metric tons	362	361	358	350	1,430	324	325 <sup>r</sup>	306	1,080	956
Gold <sup>5</sup>	metric tons	51.7	54.8	56.3	59.5	222	56.0 <sup>r</sup>	68.1 <sup>r</sup>	61.1	163	185
Gypsum <sup>6</sup>	million metric tons	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.0	16.4	4.0	4.2	4.2	12.4	12.4
Iron ore <sup>7</sup>	do.	9.2	10.0	10.1	10.6	39.9	10.4	11.9 <sup>r</sup>	12.2	29.3	34.5
Lead <sup>5</sup>	thousand metric tons	91.8	85.1	83.3	75.9	336	81.3	76.2	69.3	260	227
Molybdenum <sup>5</sup>	do.	8.7	8.7	8.3	10.0	35.7	10.0	9.3	10.5	25.7	29.8
Phosphate rock <sup>8</sup>	million metric tons	6.2	6.7	7.7	6.8	27.3	6.6	7.1 <sup>r</sup>	7.0	20.6	20.7
Sand and gravel, construction <sup>9</sup>	do.	162 <sup>r</sup>	249 <sup>r</sup>	269 <sup>r</sup>	212 <sup>r</sup>	892 <sup>r</sup>	156 <sup>r</sup>	248 <sup>r</sup>	269	680	673
Silver <sup>5</sup>	metric tons	286	277	294	291	1,150	278	260 <sup>r</sup>	234	856	771
Soda ash <sup>7</sup>	million metric tons	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.0	11.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	8.8	8.8
Stone, crushed <sup>9</sup>	do.	267	373 <sup>r</sup>	391	326	1,360	261	365	387	1,030	1,010
Zinc <sup>5</sup>	thousand metric tons	204	202	191	182	778	167	169	197	596	534

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>r</sup>Revised. do. Ditto.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on data available as of December 14, 2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Aluminum alloys produced at secondary smelters in the United States, less primary aluminum consumed, primary silicon consumed, and other alloying ingredients consumed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Data are shipments of domestically produced portland and blended cement, including cement made from imported clinker, as a proxy for actual domestic cement production.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Recoverable mine production.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Calcined production.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>Mine production.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>Marketable mine production. First to fourth quarter total may not add to quarterly data owing to annual adjustments that are not broken out by quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>Sold or used; quarterly survey based on sample survey. Quarterly data my not add to totals shown because of independent rounding and differences between projected totals by States and by division.