

Mineral Industry Surveys

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IRON AND STEEL SCRAP IN SEPTEMBER 2014

On a daily average basis in September 2014, estimated consumption of iron and steel scrap increased slightly, purchased scrap increased slightly, and home scrap production was down 6% compared with those of August 2014. Stocks of purchased and home scrap at the end of September increased slightly from those at the end of August. These observations are based upon responses from about 25% of the companies surveyed that manufacture pig iron and semifinished steel products, which account for about 35% of the total scrap consumption in those sectors, and estimates for nonrespondents to this survey.

On a daily average basis, pig iron production decreased by 4% and consumption decreased by 7% in September 2014 from those in August 2014. Stocks of pig iron at the end of September decreased by 4% from those at the end of August.

Exports of iron and steel scrap in September 2014 decreased by 26% from those in August 2014. Turkey was the leading country of destination, accounting for 32% of the total tonnage of exports, followed by Taiwan with 17% and the Republic of Korea with 9% (table 6). Los Angeles, CA, was the leading U.S. Customs district for tonnage of exports, accounting for 20% of the total, followed by New York, NY, with 12%, and Providence, RI, with 8% (table 7).

Imports of iron and steel scrap for September 2014 increased slightly from those in August 2014. Canada was the leading country of origin, accounting for 87% of the total tonnage of

imports, followed by Mexico, with 8%, and the Netherlands, with 3% (table 9). Detroit, MI, was the leading U.S. Customs district for tonnage of imports, accounting for 35% of the total, followed by Seattle, WA, with 21%, and Buffalo, NY, with 18% (table 10).

The daily average domestic raw steel production for September 2014, as calculated from the American Iron and Steel Institute's (AISI) monthly production data, was 244,000 metric tons, down slightly from that in August 2014 and up slightly from that in September 2013 (table 12). Raw steel production capability utilization (AISI data) in September 2014 was 78%, down from 80% in August 2014 and the same as that in September 2013 (table 12). The electric furnace portion of raw steel production for September 2014 was 62%, the same as in August 2014 and up from 60% in September 2013.

Continuous cast steel production in September 2014 accounted for 98% of total raw steel production, down from 99% in August 2014, and down from 99% September 2013.

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IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, PIG IRON, AND DIRECT-REDUCED IRON STATISTICS FOR STEEL PRODUCERS^{1, 2}

(Thousand metric tons)

		September 2014		J	January–September ³		
		Electric			Electric		
	Integrated	furnace	Total for	Integrated	furnace	Total for	
	steel	steel	steel	steel	steel	steel	
	producers ⁴	producers ⁵	producers	producers ⁴	producers ⁵	producers	
Scrap:							
Receipts from dealers and other sources	1,600	2,100	3,700	14,900	18,300	33,200	
Receipts from other own company plants	70	158	228	630	1,340	1,970	
Production recirculating scrap	325	191	516	3,170	1,710	4,880	
Production obsolete scrap	W	W	35	W	W	180	
Consumption (by type of furnace):							
Blast furnace	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Basic oxygen process	W	W	475	W	W	4,720	
Electric furnace	1,270	2,110	3,380	11,700	18,500	30,200	
Other (including air furnace) ⁶	W		W	W		W	
Total consumption	1,940	2,390	4,330	18,200	21,000	39,200	
Shipments	73	15	88	793	131	924	
Stocks, end of period	1,760	1,930	3,690	1,760	1,930	3,690	
Pig iron (includes hot metal):							
Receipts	299	88	387	3,630	670	4,300	
Production	2,040		2,040	18,600		18,600	
Consumption (by type of furnace):							
Basic oxygen process	W	W	2,240	W	W	21,100	
Direct castings ⁷	W		W	W		W	
Electric furnace	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Total consumption	2,360	67	2,430	22,200	638	22,800	
Shipments				W	W	W	
Stocks, end of period	222	231	453	222	231	453	
Direct-reduced iron: ⁸							
Receipts	99	108	207	1,160	755	1,910	
Total consumption	392	102	494	2,840	752	3,590	
Stocks, end of period	120	42	162	120	42	162	

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total for steel producers" and (or) "Total consumption." -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings. September 2014 data are based on returns from 25% of consumer surveys, representing 35% of scrap consumption during this month, and estimates for nonrespondents of this survey.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Includes data for electric furnaces operated by integrated steel producers.

⁵Includes minimill and specialty steel producers; includes data for other furnaces operated by these steel producers.

⁶Includes vacuum melting furnaces and miscellaneous uses.

⁷Includes ingot molds and stools.

⁸Includes direct-reduced iron, hot-briquetted iron, and iron carbide. Domestic production data are included in "Receipts."

RECEIPTS FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES, PRODUCTION, CONSUMPTION, AND STOCKS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS^{1, 2}

		September 2014				January–September ^{p, 3}	
Item	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap ⁴	Ending stocks	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap ⁴
Carbon steel:			•				
Low-phosphorus plate and	_						
punchings	52	W	55	W	477	W	500
Cut structural and plate	326	29	356	291	2,870	246	3,160
No. 1 heavy melting steel	352	48	413	297	3,290	441	3,870
No. 2 heavy melting steel	467	31	493	347	4,060	264	4,360
No. 1 and electric furnace	_						
bundles	170	W	249	255	1,720	W	2,240
No. 2 and all other bundles	63		70	32	692		711
Electric furnace 1 foot and	_						
under (not bundles)	1	W	W	W	22	W	W
Railroad rails	17		17	13	172		175
Turnings and borings	194	3	195	121	1,730	33	1,760
Slag scrap	45	66	91	119	499	739	849
Shredded and fragmentized	1,120	W	1,180	1,120	9,430	W	10,400
No. 1 busheling	403	16	402	348	3,540	141	3,740
Steel cans (post consumer)	6		6	W	61		61
All other carbon steel scrap	169	125	288	165	1,730	1,120	2,750
Stainless steel scrap	76	27	111	105	719	242	980
Alloy steel scrap	37	20	55	179	309	183	514
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	W	9	13	W	W	59
Machinery and cupola cast iron	W		W	W	W		W
Cast iron borings	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Motor blocks	W		W	W	W		W
Other iron scrap	59	30	223	84	558	247	768
Other mixed scrap	116	30	223	84	1,040	373	1,940
Total	3,700	516	4,330	3,690	33,200	4,880	39,200

(Thousand metric tons)

^pPreliminary. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Includes recirculating scrap and home-generated obsolete scrap.

TABLE 3 RECEIPTS FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES, PRODUCTION, AND CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY REGION AND STATE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS^{1, 2}

(Thousand metric tons)

		September 2014			January–September ^{p, 3}			
Region and State	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap ⁴	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap ⁴		
Mid-Atlantic and New England:			•					
New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania	421	69	489	3,930	629	4,590		
North Central:				,		,		
Illinois and Indiana	458	143	565	4,060	1,280	5,230		
Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska,								
Wisconsin	214	22	257	1,940	190	2,300		
Michigan	125	67	180	1,360	752	1,720		
Ohio	511	85	621	4,700	762	5,490		
Total	1,310	316	1,620	12,100	2,990	14,700		
South Atlantic:								
Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia	93	7	119	923	67	1,210		
Georgia, North Carolina,								
South Carolina	302	24	308	2,710	201	2,930		
Total	395	31	427	3,640	268	4,140		
South Central:								
Alabama, Kentucky,								
Mississippi, Tennessee	757	37	780	6,300	330	6,910		
Arkansas, Louisiana,								
Oklahoma, Texas	566	49	670	4,900	434	5,800		
Total	1,320	87	1,450	11,200	764	12,700		
Mountain and Pacific:								
Arizona, California, Colorado,								
Oregon, Utah, Washington	260	13	340	2,330	235	3,010		
Grand total	3,700	516	4,330	33,200	4,880	39,200		

^pPreliminary.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Includes recirculating scrap and home-generated obsolete scrap.

RECEIPTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY REGION AND GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS^{1, 2, 3, 4}

(Thousand metric tons)

		Sep	tember 2014				January–September ^{p, 5}			
	Mid-Atlantic				Mountain	Mid-Atlantic				Mountain
	and	North	South	South	and	and	North	South	South	and
Item	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific
Carbon steel:										
Low-phosphorus plate and	_									
punchings	17	W		W	W	152	W	W	W	W
Cut structural and plate	50	88	35	133	W	431	850	280	1,130	W
No. 1 heavy melting steel	65	92	28	141	26	579	909	265	1,300	235
No. 2 heavy melting steel	10	179	52	190	36	88	1,450	505	1,700	319
No. 1 and electric furnace	_									
bundles	13	127	3	25	W	113	1,250	32	289	W
No. 2 and all other bundles	12	29	W	W	W	125	339	W	W	W
Electric furnace 1 foot and	_									
under (not bundles)		W		W			W		W	
Railroad rails	W	W	W	3	W	W	W	W	37	W
Turnings and borings	16	68	26	76	8	127	585	233	710	71
Slag scrap	8	17	1	W	W	75	239	13	W	W
Shredded and fragmentized	102	275	186	475	83	928	2,450	1,690	3,610	746
No. 1 busheling	60	143	36	162	2	570	1,320	315	1,320	15
Steel cans (post consumer)	W	W				W	W			W
All other carbon steel scrap	20	116	2	28	3	288	1,110	25	276	23
Stainless steel scrap	W	W		W		W	W		W	
Alloy steel scrap	- 1	35		W		17	292			
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	W				W	W			
Machinery and cupola cast iron		W	W	W			W	W	W	
Cast iron borings	W	W	W		W	W	W	W		W
Motor blocks		W					W			
Other iron scrap	W	45	W	11	W	W	423	W	92	W
Other mixed scrap	W	11	W	15	W	W	94	W	133	W
Total	421	1,310	395	1,320	260	3,930	12,100	3,640	11,200	2,330

^pPreliminary. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

¹Scrap received from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources.

²A breakout of the States within each region is provided in Table 3.

³Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

⁴Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

⁵May include revisions to previously published data.

TABLE 5 CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY REGION AND GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS $^{\rm 1,\,2,\,3}$

(Thousand metric tons)

		September 2014				January–September ^{p, 4}				
	Mid-Atlantic and	North	South	South	Mountain and	Mid-Atlantic and	North	South	South	Mountain and
Item	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific
Carbon steel:	_									
Low-phosphorus plate and										
punchings	17	W	W	W	W	153	W	W	W	W
Cut structural and plate	44	105	55	133	W	431	969	468	1,110	W
No. 1 heavy melting steel	75	112	29	169	27	667	1,140	283	1,530	247
No. 2 heavy melting steel	14	179	56	205	W	126	1,480	561	1,830	W
No. 1 and electric furnace										
bundles	12	196	3	35	W	113	1,780	30	283	W
No. 2 and all other bundles	12	36	W	18	W	125	337	W	151	W
Electric furnace 1 foot and	_									
under (not bundles)		W		W			W		W	
Railroad rails	W	W		2	W	W	W		40	W
Turnings and borings	16	67	25	79	8	145	607	231	708	71
Slag scrap	12	49	1	26	W	110	477	12	231	W
Shredded and fragmentized	103	299	195	504	83	928	2,630	1,860	4,260	746
No. 1 busheling	61	153	31	155	2	566	1,410	313	1,430	15
Steel cans (post consumer)	W	W				W	W			
All other carbon steel scrap	46	185	6	48	3	513	1,710	52	447	25
Stainless steel scrap	53	21		W		478	174		W	
Alloy steel scrap		36		W		98	332		W	
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	W		W		W	W		W	
Machinery and cupola cast iron	W	W	W	W	W		W	W	W	
Cast iron borings	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W		W
Motor blocks		W					W			
Other iron scrap	- 3	58	4	9	W	40	574	52	96	W
Other mixed scrap	W	45	W	15	W	W	360	W	134	W
Total	489	1,620	427	1,450	340	4,590	14,700	4,140	12,700	3,010

^pPrelimanary. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²A breakout of the States within each region is provided in Table 3.

³Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

⁴May include revisions to previously published data.

U.S. EXPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY SELECTED REGION AND COUNTRY $^{\rm 1,\,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septembe	er 2014	January–September ³		
Region and country	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
North America and South America:					
Brazil			1	598	
Canada	73	23,300	679	232,000	
Dominican Republic			3	775	
Ecuador	2	266	93	28,000	
Jamaica	(4)	74	2	253	
Mexico	88	32,400	626	216,000	
Peru			184	67,700	
Other ⁵	(4)	407	2	1,920	
Total	164	56,400	1,590	547,000	
Africa, Europe, Middle East:	_				
Belgium	(4)	1,080	7	9,780	
Egypt	97	34,800	550	193,000	
Germany	1	250	4	2,680	
Italy	(4)	64	76	27,800	
Kuwait	44	15,500	362	127,000	
Morocco			50	18,600	
Netherlands	(4)	32	3	3,590	
Portugal			6	991	
Saudi Arabia			44	15,400	
Spain	(4)	290	1	1,000	
Sweden	(4)	675	2	6,220	
Turkey	370	134,000	2,770	988,000	
United Arab Emirates	1	379	46	17,200	
United Kingdom	(4)	153	2	3,030	
Other ⁵	(4)	958	2	6,430	
Total	513	188,000	3,930	1,420,000	
Asia, Australia, Oceania:					
Bangladesh	1	444	8	3,490	
China	59	63,700	612	587,000	
Hong Kong	3	3,550	28	25,700	
India	33	17,100	394	174,000	
Indonesia	16	6,140	276	101,000	
Japan	6	9,480	68	72,900	
Korea, Republic of	108	39,400	1,340	500,000	
Malaysia	1	638	423	149,000	
Pakistan	23	13,100	252	131,000	
Taiwan	199	78,600	2,050	785,000	
Thailand	32	12,100	366	135,000	
Vietnam	4	1,320	240	84,100	
Other ⁵	2	269	7	2,170	
Total	487	246,000	6,060	2,750,000	
Grand total	1,160	490,000	11,600	4,720,000	

-- Zero.

¹Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis.

 $^2\mbox{Data}$ are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ¹/₂ unit.

⁵Includes countries with January–September 2014 quantities of less than 500 metric tons.

TABLE 7 U.S. EXPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY REGION AND SELECTED CUSTOMS DISTRICT^{1, 2}

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septembe	er 2014	January–September ³		
Region and customs district	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Canada–United States border:	· · · ·				
Buffalo, NY	17	6,510	153	64,500	
Detroit, MI	27	8,170	239	72,500	
Duluth, MN	- 1	744	22	9,600	
Great Falls, MT	2	373	11	2,530	
Ogdensburg, NY	2	707	12	4,390	
Pembina, ND	15	4,930	172	62,300	
Other	2	1,200	28	6,210	
Total	66	22,600	636	222,000	
East coast:					
Baltimore, MD	18	7,200	230	89,100	
Boston, MA	72	26,700	528	194,000	
Charleston, SC	5	5,450	48	48,300	
Charlotte, NC	- 1	1,490	9	13,600	
Miami, FL	34	13,600	278	111,000	
New York, NY	136	56,500	1,610	643,000	
Norfolk, VA	29	16,300	140	88,600	
Philadelphia, PA		28,400	563	200,000	
Portland, ME	5	1,440	138	49,700	
Providence, RI	97	34,700	601	214,000	
Savannah, GA	17	9,260	102	64,100	
St. Albans, VT	_ 2	679	22	6,940	
Total	492	202,000	4,270	1,720,000	
Gulf coast and Mexico-United States		·	·		
border (includes Caribbean territories):					
Dallas–Fort Worth, TX			(4)	48	
El Paso, TX	1	240	40	13,300	
Houston-Galveston, TX	91	36,000	452	199,000	
Laredo, TX	23	8,940	278	95,000	
Mobile, AL	- 1	682	138	54,500	
New Orleans, LA	- 1	653	5	2,750	
Nogales, AZ	(4)	6	(4)	39	
San Juan, PR	12	3,430	228	69,800	
Tampa, FL	32	12,900	238	93,900	
U.S. Virgin Islands			6	991	
Total	159	62,900	1,380	529,000	
West coast and Hawaii:					
Columbia–Snake, OR	58	20,400	502	184,000	
Honolulu, HI, and Anchorage, AK	4	1,190	104	35,800	
Los Angeles, CA	237	121,000	2,590	1,210,000	
San Diego, CA	7	1,740	49	12,100	
San Francisco, CA	93	38,400	1,360	537,000	
Seattle, WA	48	19,900	691	269,000	
Total	447	203,000	5,300	2,240,000	
Grand total	1,160	490,000	11,600	4,720,000	
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-- Zero.

¹Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis.

²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ¹/₂ unit.

U.S. EXPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP AND OTHER FERROUS PRODUCTS BY $\operatorname{GRADE}^{1,\,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septemb	er 2014	January–September ³		
Item	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
No. 1 heavy melting steel	339	121,000	3,780	1,320,000	
No. 2 heavy melting steel	80	27,700	681	228,000	
No. 1 bundles	4	1,560	191	69,900	
No. 2 bundles	1	255	22	5,120	
Shredded steel scrap	301	110,000	3,480	1,250,000	
Borings, shovelings and turnings	4	1,220	35	11,200	
Cut plate and structural	79	29,300	604	221,000	
Tinned iron or steel	8	4,190	93	38,000	
Remelting scrap ingots	1	696	12	8,800	
Cast iron	23	9,040	229	88,500	
Other iron and steel	211	88,200	1,670	698,000	
Total carbon steel and cast iron	1,050	393,000	10,800	3,940,000	
Stainless steel	46	59,200	422	521,000	
Other alloy steel	66	37,800	361	260,000	
Total stainless and alloy steel	112	97,000	783	781,000	
Total carbon, stainless, alloy steel and cast iron	1,160	490,000	11,600	4,720,000	
Ships, boats, and other vessels for					
breaking up (for scrapping)	1	84	1	168	
Used rails for rerolling and other uses	2	2,790	26	23,500	
Total scrap exports	1,170	493,000	11,600	4,740,000	
Exports of manufactured ferrous products:					
Pig iron $<$ or $= 0.5\%$ phosphorus	(4)	61	3	1,130	
Pig iron > or = 0.5% phosphorus	(4)	8	2	349	
Alloy pig iron	(4)	4	(4)	109	
Total pig iron	(4)	73	4	1,590	
Direct-reduced iron (DRI)	(4)	14	(4)	57	
Spongy iron products, not DRI	(4)	34	(4)	1,520	
Granules for abrasive cleaning and other uses	4	5,660	31	46,200	
Powders of alloy steel	2	4,460	18	50,700	
Other ferrous powders	8	9,680	79	89,700	
Total DRI, granules, powders	14	19,900	129	188,000	
Grand total	1,180	513,000	11,700	4,930,000	

-- Zero.

¹Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis. ²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown. ³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ¹/₂ unit.

TABLE 9 U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY SELECTED COUNTRY^{1,2}

(Thousand	metric	tons	and	thousand	dollars)	
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	Septembe	er 2014	January–September ³		
Country	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Bahamas, The	(4)	31	3	497	
Belgium	(4)	2	12	4,610	
Brazil	1	1,950	12	20,200	
Canada	304	109,000	2,530	966,000	
Cayman Islands	(4)	42	6	1,740	
China	(4)	261	5	3,870	
Colombia	(4)	141	2	3,300	
Dominican Republic	(4)	93	7	1,130	
Ecuador	(4)	25	1	1,110	
Germany	1	158	5	1,380	
Hong Kong			2	526	
Israel	2	208	3	768	
Italy	(4)	113	1	454	
Japan	(4)	62	4	1,380	
Mexico	29	15,500	259	152,000	
Netherlands	11	18,500	78	74,100	
Russia			1	271	
Sweden			129	49,700	
Taiwan	(4)	579	1	2,270	
United Kingdom	(4)	50	107	42,900	
Other ⁵	(4)	633	8	7,910	
Total	351	147,000	3,180	1,340,000	

-- Zero.

¹Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ship, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ¹/₂ unit.

⁵Includes countries with January–September 2014 quantities of less than 500 metric tons.

TABLE 10 U.S. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY SELECTED CUSTOMS DISTRICT^{1, 2}

(Thousand	metric	tons	and	thousand	dollars)
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	Septembe	er 2014	January–September ³		
Customs district	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Baltimore, MD	(4)	20	2	1,370	
Buffalo, NY	63	31,300	536	299,000	
Charleston, SC	1	141	126	49,200	
Chicago, IL	6	837	30	4,800	
Detroit, MI	124	44,900	961	351,000	
Duluth, MN	13	4,030	106	34,800	
El Paso, TX	3	1,360	32	15,100	
Great Falls, MT	8	2,410	72	22,000	
Galveston, TX	1	2,310	17	29,700	
Laredo, TX	21	11,600	193	122,000	
Los Angeles, CA	(4)	651	8	5,780	
Miami, FL	(4)	63	4	932	
Mobile, AL	13	20,100	118	90,700	
New Orleans, LA	1	103	98	36,600	
New York City, NY	2	226	7	2,820	
Nogales, AZ	1	239	9	2,260	
Ogdensburg, NY	5	2,700	34	24,600	
Pembina, ND	8	3,080	97	37,000	
Porland, ME	(4)	366	3	2,280	
San Diego, CA	2	633	17	6,880	
San Juan, CA	(4)	53	6	375	
Seattle, WA	73	18,600	657	181,000	
St Albans, VT	4	1,110	34	10,400	
Tampa, FL	(4)	170	3	1,120	
Other	1	538	10	5,600	
Total	351	147,000	3,180	1,340,000	

¹Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats and other vessels for scrapping. Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ¹/₂ unit.

TABLE 11 U.S. IMPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP AND OTHER FERROUS PRODUCTS BY GRADE^{1, 2}

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septemb	er 2014	January–September ³		
Item	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
No. 1 heavy melting steel	28	9,680	244	84,400	
No. 2 heavy melting steel	19	5,140	188	52,100	
No. 1 bundles	58	22,800	701	279,000	
No. 2 bundles	1	245	32	9,890	
Shredded steel scrap	58	13,900	442	121,000	
Borings, shovelings and turnings	7	1,800	56	14,800	
Cut plate and structural	19	6,060	186	59,000	
Tinned iron or steel	7	2,080	63	19,400	
Remelting scrap ingots			(4)	79	
Cast iron	21	5,430	165	47,100	
Other iron and steel	56	18,300	455	150,000	
Total carbon steel and cast iron	275	85,400	2,530	837,000	
Stainless steel	33	46,100	270	361,000	
Other alloy steel	44	15,900	377	139,000	
Total stainless and alloy steel	76	62,000	645	500,000	
Total carbon, stainless, alloy steel and cast iron	351	147,000	3,180	1,340,000	
Ships, boats, and other vessels for					
breaking up (for scrapping)			(4)	434	
Total scrap imports	351	147,000	3,180	1,340,000	
Imports of manufactured ferrous products:					
Pig iron > or = 0.5% phosphorus	534	212,000	3,750	1,500,000	
Pig iron $<$ or $= 0.5\%$ phosphorus			(4)	50	
Alloy pig iron	1	479	1	867	
Total pig iron	535	213,000	3,750	1,500,000	
Direct-reduced iron (DRI)	115	41,600	1,770	632,000	
Spongy iron products, not DRI	(4)	365	1	3,830	
Granules for abrasive cleaning and other uses	2	1,810	18	18,300	
Powders of alloy steel	5	8,840	54	84,500	
Other ferrous powders	4	6,670	39	63,600	
Total DRI, granules, powders	126	59,300	1,880	803,000	
Grand total	1,010	420,000	8,810	3,640,000	

-- Zero.

¹Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

 $^{2}\mbox{Data}$ are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ¹/₂ unit.

TABLE 12 U.S. RAW STEEL PRODUCTION, RAW STEEL CAPABILITY UTILIZATION, AND CONTINUOUS CAST STEEL PRODUCTION¹

		Raw steel production, thousand metric tons		capability	Continuous cast steel production, percent	
		Year		Year		Year
Period	Monthly	to date ²	Monthly	to date ²	Monthly	to date ²
2013:						
September	7,290	65,300	78.3	77.0	98.8	98.7
October	7,370	72,700	76.5	77.0	98.9	98.7
November	7,110	79,800	76.2	76.9	99.0	98.7
December	7,130	86,900	74.0	76.7	98.9	98.8
2014:						
January	7,330	7,330	75.8	75.8	98.7	98.7
February	6,810	14,100	77.9	76.8	98.6	98.7
March	7,510	21,600	77.7	77.1	98.7	98.7
April	7,160	28,800	76.6	77.0	98.4	98.6
May	7,480	36,300	77.3	77.0	98.5	98.6
June	7,350	43,600	78.5	77.3	98.4	98.6
July	7,700	51,300	79.6	77.6	98.5	98.5
August	7,760	59,100	80.2	78.0	98.5	98.5
September	7,310	66,400	78.1	78.0	98.4	98.5

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits.

²May include revisions to previously published data.

Source: American Iron and Steel Institute.

TABLE 13 COMPOSITE PRICES FOR NO. 1 HEAVY MELTING STEEL SCRAP AND PIG IRON

	American Metal Market No. 1 HMS			Scrap Pric	e Bulletin	
			No. 1 HMS		Pig Iron ¹	
Period	\$/lt	\$/t	\$/lt	\$/t	\$/lt	\$/t
2013:						
September	336.61	331.29	335.50	330.20	436.88	429.98
October	335.71	330.41	334.17	328.89	426.72	419.98
November	355.46	349.85	355.83	350.21	430.53	423.73
December	374.79	368.87	377.50	371.54	431.80	424.98
Average, January–December	345.70	340.24	346.62	341.14	446.55	439.50
2014:						
January	394.24	388.01	395.17	388.93	436.38	429.49
February	378.95	372.97	380.25	374.24	450.47	443.36
March	364.37	358.62	364.30	358.55	454.66	447.48
April	373.27	367.37	375.17	369.24	454.66	447.48
May	366.14	360.36	368.17	362.35	454.66	447.48
June	358.27	352.61	359.17	353.50	454.66	447.48
July	356.74	351.11	357.50	351.85	454.66	447.48
August	356.67	351.04	357.50	351.85	454.66	447.48
September	358.67	353.00	361.50	355.79	454.66	447.48

¹Prices are Brazilian basic pig iron, f.o.b. New Orleans, LA.

Note: Long tons = lt; metric tons = t.