

Mineral Industry Surveys

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IRON AND STEEL SCRAP IN SEPTEMBER 2013

On a daily average basis in September 2013, estimated consumption of iron and steel scrap increased by 4%, net receipts of purchased scrap increased by 19%, and home scrap production increased by 31% from that of August 2013. Stocks of purchased and home scrap at the end of September increased by 21% from those at the end of August. These observations are based upon responses from about 33% of the companies surveyed that manufacture pig iron and semifinished steel products, which account for about 41% of the total scrap consumption in those sectors, and estimates for nonrespondents to this survey.

On a daily average basis, pig iron production decreased by 43%, and consumption increased slightly in September 2013 from those in August 2013. Stocks of pig iron at the end of September decreased by 5% from those at the end of August.

Exports of iron and steel scrap in September 2013 decreased by 9% from those of August 2013. Turkey was the leading country of destination, accounting for 32% of the total tonnage of exports, followed by the Republic of Korea with 20% and Taiwan with17% (table 6). Los Angeles, CA, was the leading U.S. Customs district for tonnage of exports, accounting for 27% of the total, followed by New York, NY, with 18%, and Philadelphia, PA, with 9% (table 7).

Imports of iron and steel scrap for September 2013 increased by 11% from those of August 2013. Canada was the leading country of origin, accounting for 79% of the total tonnage of imports, followed by the United Kingdom with 11%, and Mexico with 7% (table 9). Detroit, MI, was the leading U.S. Customs district for tonnage of imports, accounting for 27% of the total, followed by Seattle, WA, with 23% and Buffalo, NY, with 20% (table 10).

The daily average domestic raw steel production for September 2013, as calculated from the American Iron and Steel Institute's (AISI) monthly production data, was 243,000 metric tons, up slightly from that in August 2013 and 7% higher than that in September 2012 (table 12). The electric furnace portion of raw steel production for September 2013 was 60%, down from 61% in August 2013 and the same as that in September 2012.

Raw steel production capability utilization (AISI data) in September 2013 was 78%, the same as that in August 2013 and up from 70% in September 2012 (table 12). Continuous cast steel production in September 2013 accounted for 99% of total raw steel production, the same as that in August 2013 and up from 98% in September 2012.

 ${\it TABLE~1}$ IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, PIG IRON, AND DIRECT-REDUCED IRON STATISTICS FOR STEEL PRODUCERS $^{1,\,2}$

		September 2013		January–September ³			
		Electric		-	Electric		
	Integrated steel	furnace steel	Total for steel	Integrated steel	furnace steel	Total for steel	
	producers4	producers ⁵	producers	producers4	producers ⁵	producers	
Scrap:							
Receipts from dealers and other sources	2,400	1,970	4,370	16,500	17,400	33,900	
Receipts from other own company plants	35	202	237	358	1,790	2,150	
Production recirculating scrap	444	177	621	3,110	1,610	4,720	
Production obsolete scrap	W	W	9	W	W	81	
Consumption (by type of furnace):	<u> </u>						
Blast furnace	W	W	W	W	\mathbf{W}	W	
Basic oxygen process	W	W	578	W	\mathbf{W}	5,440	
Electric furnace	1,310	2,080	3,390	11,600	19,000	30,500	
Other (including air furnace) ⁶	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Total consumption	2,070	2,370	4,440	18,400	20,800	39,200	
Shipments	95	16	111	864	143	1,010	
Stocks, end of period	2,540	1,750	4,290	2,540	1,750	4,290	
Pig iron (includes hot metal):							
Receipts	1,380	65	1,440	4,840	655	5,490	
Production	1,240		1,240	18,300		18,300	
Consumption (by type of furnace):							
Basic oxygen process	W	W	2,480	W	W	22,100	
Direct castings ⁷	W		W	W		W	
Electric furnace	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Total consumption	2,620	72	2,690	23,200	654	23,800	
Shipments	W	W	W	W	W	W	
Stocks, end of period	151	195	346	151	195	346	
Direct-reduced iron: ⁸							
Receipts	83	64	147	1,080	496	1,580	
Total consumption	337	72	409	2,870	518	3,390	
Stocks, end of period	98	38	136	98	38	136	

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total for steel producers" and (or) "Total consumption." -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings. September 2013 data are based on returns from 33% of consumer surveys, representing 41% of scrap consumption during this month, and estimates for nonrespondents of this survey.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Includes data for electric furnaces operated by integrated steel producers.

⁵Includes minimill and specialty steel producers; includes data for other furnaces operated by these steel producers.

⁶Includes vacuum melting furnaces and miscellaneous uses.

⁷Includes ingot molds and stools.

⁸Includes direct-reduced iron, hot-briquetted iron, and iron carbide. Domestic production data are included in "Receipts."

 ${\it TABLE~2}$ RECEIPTS FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES, PRODUCTION, CONSUMPTION, AND STOCKS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS 1,2

		September 2013	3			January–September ^{p, 3}	
	Receipts of scrap	Production of home			Receipts of scrap	Production of home	
	from brokers,	scrap (recirculating	Consumption of		from brokers,	scrap (recirculating	Consumption of
	dealers, and other	scrap resulting from	purchased and	Ending	dealers, and other	scrap resulting from	purchased and
Item	outside sources	current operations)	home scrap ⁴	stocks	outside sources	current operations)	home scrap ⁴
Carbon steel:							
Low-phosphorus plate and	_						
punchings	55	W	58	W	522	W	545
Cut structural and plate	321	32	343	294	2,820	250	3,080
No. 1 heavy melting steel	387	53	437	304	3,410	468	3,980
No. 2 heavy melting steel	474	29	504	357	4,140	259	4,460
No. 1 and electric furnace							
bundles	204	W	275	299	1,890	W	2,560
No. 2 and all other bundles	89	W	102	41	872	W	912
Electric furnace 1 foot and							
under (not bundles)	3	W	W	W	21	W	W
Railroad rails	28		31	12	248		256
Turnings and borings	198	3	208	141	1,700	29	1,860
Slag scrap	66	80	94	122	569	741	868
Shredded and fragmentized	1,090	\mathbf{W}	1,220	1,030	9,360	W	10,300
No. 1 busheling	963	116	403	1,010	4,020	219	3,590
Steel cans (post consumer)	9		11	2	93		93
All other carbon steel scrap	254	108	352	172	2,200	907	3,160
Stainless steel scrap	73	27	110	48	659	244	988
Alloy steel scrap	35	21	58	W	286	189	524
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	W	6	14	W	W	59
Machinery and cupola cast iron	W	W	W	W	W	W	W
Cast iron borings	W	W	\mathbf{W}	W	W	W	W
Other iron scrap	59	20	75	W	493	200	639
Other mixed scrap	43	31	126	69	413	306	1,110
Total	4,370	621	4,440	4,290	33,900	4,720	39,200

Preliminary. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Includes recirculating scrap and home-generated obsolete scrap.

TABLE 3 RECEIPTS FROM OUTSIDE SOURCES, PRODUCTION, AND CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY REGION AND STATE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS 1,2

		September 2013		January–September ^{p, 3}			
Region and State	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap ⁴	Receipts of scrap from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources	Production of home scrap (recirculating scrap resulting from current operations)	Consumption of purchased and home scrap ⁴	
Mid-Atlantic and New England:			•			<u> </u>	
New Jersey, New York,							
Pennsylvania	404	60	503	3,580	567	4,530	
North Central:	=						
Illinois and Indiana	489	144	605	4,140	1,270	5,350	
Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska,							
Wisconsin	240	12	266	2,160	100	2,360	
Michigan	161	92	210	1,470	862	1,860	
Ohio	456	79	525	4,070	715	4,860	
Total	1,350	327	1,610	11,900	2,950	14,400	
South Atlantic:							
Delaware, Virginia,							
West Virginia	119	8	146	1,070	64	1,360	
Georgia, North Carolina,							
South Carolina	368	21	387	3,090	153	3,220	
Total	486	29	533	4,150	217	4,590	
South Central:							
Alabama, Kentucky,							
Mississippi, Tennessee	1,330	133	776	6,860	373	6,750	
Arkansas, Louisiana,							
Oklahoma, Texas	540	50	690	5,060	413	5,920	
Total	1,870	183	1,470	11,900	786	12,700	
Mountain and Pacific:							
Arizona, California, Colorado,							
Oregon, Utah, Washington	265	23	333	2,430	209	3,040	
Grand total	4,370	621	4,440	33,900	4,720	39,200	

^pPreliminary.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Includes recirculating scrap and home-generated obsolete scrap.

TABLE 4 RECEIPTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP, BY REGION AND GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS $^{1,\,2,\,3,\,4}$

		Sep	otember 2013				Januar	ry–September ^l	5, 5	
	Mid-Atlantic				Mountain	Mid-Atlantic				Mountain
	and	North	South	South	and	and	North	South	South	and
Item	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific
Carbon steel:										
Low-phosphorus plate and	_									
punchings	19	W		W	W	173	289	W	W	W
Cut structural and plate	37	101	39	125	W	354	878	330	1,080	W
No. 1 heavy melting steel	67	103	33	138	47	554	893	319	1,220	421
No. 2 heavy melting steel	10	168	54	188	54	88	1,360	488	1,710	498
No. 1 and electric furnace										
bundles	9	136	5	31	W	81	1,260	40	306	W
No. 2 and all other bundles	11	31	W	15	W	91	320	W	140	W
Electric furnace 1 foot and										
under (not bundles)		W		W			W		W	
Railroad rails	W	14		6	W	W	W		W	W
Turnings and borings	13	66	27	84	8	132	519	259	718	75
Slag scrap	6	40	3	W	W	50	332	25	W	W
Shredded and fragmentized	87	267	223	437	74	721	2,400	1,780	3,770	678
No. 1 busheling	55	149	36	722	1	508	1,350	319	1,830	14
Steel cans (post consumer)	W	W				W	W			W
All other carbon steel scrap	42	137	17	55	2	377	1,160	145	498	23
Stainless steel scrap	W	12		W		W	111		W	
Alloy steel scrap	1	30		W		6	242		W	
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	W				W	W			
Machinery and cupola cast iron		W	W	W			W	W	W	
Cast iron borings	W	W	W		W	W	W	W		W
Other iron scrap	W	39	W	13	W	W	351	16	89	W
Other mixed scrap	W	W	W	2	W	W	W	W	27	W
Total	404	1,350	486	1,870	265	3,580	11,900	4,150	11,900	2,430

^pPreliminary. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

¹Scrap received from brokers, dealers, and other outside sources.

²A breakout of the States within each region is provided in Table 3.

³Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

⁴Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

⁵May include revisions to previously published data.

 ${\it TABLE 5}$ CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY REGION AND GRADE, FOR STEEL PRODUCERS 1,2,3

		Sep	otember 2013				Janu	ary–Septembe	er ⁴	
	Mid-Atlantic				Mountain	Mid-Atlantic		· · ·		Mountain
	and	North	South	South	and	and	North	South	South	and
Item	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific	New England	Central	Atlantic	Central	Pacific
Carbon steel:	_									
Low-phosphorus plate and										
punchings	20	W	W	W	W	178	W	W	W	W
Cut structural and plate	40	108	58	120	W	365	991	473	1,080	W
No. 1 heavy melting steel	75	123	32	155	51	661	1,120	305	1,430	464
No. 2 heavy melting steel	14	165	54	209	63	126	1,400	494	1,860	575
No. 1 and electric furnace										
bundles	21	192	5	31	W	189	1,790	41	298	W
No. 2 and all other bundles	11	33	W	17	W	90	313	W	152	W
Electric furnace 1 foot and										
under (not bundles)		W		W			W		W	
Railroad rails	W	14		9	W	W	W		W	W
Turnings and borings	29	63	29	80	8	272	542	256	715	76
Slag scrap	10	55	3	25	W	86	513	22	228	W
Shredded and fragmentized	80	297	237	529	74	712	2,620	2,000	4,270	678
No. 1 busheling	55	159	37	151	1	511	1,440	321	1,310	14
Steel cans (post consumer)	W	W				W	W			
All other carbon steel scrap	67	186	22	75	3	595	1,710	186	646	25
Stainless steel scrap	55	19		W		491	170		W	
Alloy steel scrap	12	35		W		118	316		W	
Ingot mold and stool scrap	W	W		W		W	W		W	
Machinery and cupola cast iron		W	W	W			W	W	W	
Cast iron borings	W	W	W		W	W	W	W		W
Other iron scrap	W	52	5	13	W	W	450	51	100	W
Other mixed scrap	W	39	W	3	W	W	345	W	24	W
Total	503	1,610	533	1,470	333	4,530	14,400	4,590	12,700	3,040

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total." -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²A breakout of the States within each region is provided in Table 3.

³Includes manufacturers of raw steel that also produce steel castings.

⁴May include revisions to previously published data.

 ${\it TABLE~6}$ U.S. EXPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY SELECTED REGION AND COUNTRY 1,2

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septembe	er 2013	January–Se	ptember ³
Region and country	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
North America and South America:				
Canada	80	24,100	706	231,000
Ecuador	1	133	76	26,100
Mexico	114	38,800	560	203,000
Peru	31	11,500	282	100,000
Venezuela			1	231
Other ⁴	(5)	169	4	2,900
Total	226	74,700	1,630	564,000
Africa, Europe, Middle East:	· •			
Belgium	1	708	5	5,600
Egypt	71	23,800	640	229,000
Germany	(5)	345	3	2,530
Italy	(5)	3	91	34,000
Kenya			1	351
Morocco			50	18,900
Netherlands	(5)	236	9	12,200
Portugal			39	13,300
Saudi Arabia			1	261
Spain	(5)	183	10	8,170
Sweden	(5)	448	2	6,190
Tunisia			30	10,100
Turkey	495	183,000	4,130	1,490,000
United Arab Emirates	(5)	127	2	1,380
United Kingdom	1	420	6	5,250
Other ⁴	1	423	5	3,870
Total	569	210,000	5,020	1,840,000
Asia, Australia, Oceania:				
Bangladesh	1	405	62	24,900
China	115	85,300	1,470	933,000
Hong Kong	2	2,990	51	36,800
India	15	9,690	460	222,000
Indonesia	13	5,500	467	177,000
Japan	2	3,420	31	53,000
Korea, Republic of	309	109,000	1,670	635,000
Malaysia	2	915	474	178,000
Pakistan	17	11,400	164	112,000
Philippines	(5)	106	8	3,490
Singapore	(5)	12	2	3,780
Taiwan	259	95,800	2,370	940,000
Thailand	2	932	37	13,100
Vietnam	15	5,550	447	163,000
Other ⁴	(5)	400	4	3,370
Total	753	331,000	7,720	3,500,000
Grand total	1,550	616,000	14,400	5,900,000

⁻⁻ Zero.

¹Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis.

 $^{^2\}mbox{Data}$ are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

 $^{^3\}mbox{May}$ include revisions to previously published data.

 $^{^4\}mathrm{Includes}$ countries with January–September 2013 quantities of less than 500 metric tons.

⁵Less than ½ unit.

${\it TABLE~7} \\ {\it U.S.~EXPORTS~OF~IRON~AND~STEEL~SCRAP~BY~REGION~AND~SELECTED~CUSTOMS~DISTRICT}^{1,\,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septembe	er 2013	January–September ³	
Region and customs district	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Canada–United States border:			•	
Buffalo, NY	16	4,670	142	50,300
Chicago, IL	(4)	141	2	1,040
Detroit, MI		6,980	178	58,100
Duluth, MN	- 6	2,160	40	15,300
Great Falls, MT	- 1	308	9	2,480
Ogdensburg, NY	(4)	116	6	2,110
Pembina, ND	26	9,510	265	95,900
Other	_ 5	565	36	5,360
Total	78	24,500	678	231,000
East coast:	_	·		
Baltimore, MD	36	12,700	276	108,000
Boston, MA	30	10,800	916	336,000
Charleston, SC	3	2,630	73	40,000
Charlotte, NC	(4)	404	4	6,050
Miami, FL	36	14,100	336	136,000
New York, NY	279	108,000	2,250	917,000
Norfolk, VA	_ 17	8,620	262	124,000
Philadelphia, PA	139	49,400	712	257,000
Portland, ME		10,500	123	46,300
Providence, RI	 15	5,070	389	139,000
Savannah, GA	13	9,050	198	118,000
St. Albans, VT	_ 3	749	27	7,940
Washington, DC	- 		(4)	5
Total	598	232,000	5,560	2,230,000
Gulf coast and Mexico-United States		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- ,	
border (includes Caribbean territories):				
El Paso, TX	7	2,310	22	7,420
Houston-Galveston, TX	112	52,300	836	378,000
Laredo, TX	40	14,200	326	125,000
Mobile, AL	- 1	625	185	65,600
New Orleans, LA	(4)	86	220	78,800
San Juan, PR	10	2,920	195	58,100
Tampa, FL	54	20,600	329	130,000
U.S. Virgin Islands		20,000	7	1,320
Other	(4)	(4)	1	33
Total	224	93,000	2,120	845,000
West coast and Hawaii:		,,,,,,,,,	2,120	0.0,000
Columbia–Snake, OR	31	12,500	662	251,000
Honolulu, HI, and Anchorage, AK	- 4	1,610	101	36,000
Los Angeles, CA	418	177,000	3,010	1,420,000
San Diego, CA	- 6	1,420	52	14,100
San Francisco, CA	133	51,400	1,480	589,000
Seattle, WA	_ 133	22,500	694	288,000
Total	649	267,000	6,010	2,590,000
Grand total	1,550	616,000	14,400	5,900,000
Zero.	1,550	010,000	17,700	5,700,000

⁻⁻ Zero

¹Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis.

²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ½ unit.

 ${\rm TABLE~8}$ U.S. EXPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP AND OTHER FERROUS PRODUCTS BY GRADE $^{\rm 1,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septemb	er 2013	January–September ³	
Item	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
No. 1 heavy melting steel	535	193,000	4,700	1,690,000
No. 2 heavy melting steel	86	28,200	674	235,000
No. 1 bundles	10	3,380	265	91,800
No. 2 bundles			9	1,290
Shredded steel scrap	467	165,000	4,320	1,570,000
Borings, shovelings and turnings	4	1,080	105	35,600
Cut plate and structural	142	50,700	854	316,000
Tinned iron or steel	10	4,280	111	46,700
Remelting scrap ingots	1	1,060	11	9,800
Cast iron	31	10,100	283	111,000
Other iron and steel	176	75,300	2,150	915,000
Total carbon steel and cast iron	1,460	532,000	13,500	5,020,000
Stainless steel	48	55,900	485	575,000
Other alloy steel	40	28,200	399	304,000
Total stainless and alloy steel	88	84,000	885	879,000
Total carbon, stainless, alloy steel and cast iron	1,550	616,000	14,400	5,900,000
Ships, boats, and other vessels for				
breaking up (for scrapping)			6	955
Used rails for rerolling and other uses	1	1,050	30	28,400
Total scrap exports	1,550	617,000	14,400	5,930,000
Exports of manufactured ferrous products:				
Pig iron < or = 0.5% phosphorus	(4)	46	6	2,870
Pig iron >or = 0.5% phosphorus	(4)	37	2	241
Alloy pig iron	1	144	4	708
Total pig iron	2	227	12	3,820
Direct-reduced iron (DRI)			(4)	30
Spongy iron products, not DRI	(4)	129	2	2,160
Granules for abrasive cleaning and other uses		3,430	26	37,100
Powders of alloy steel	2	5,000	16	40,800
Other ferrous powders	9	9,740	75	82,400
Total DRI, granules, powders	13	18,300	118	163,000
Grand total	1,560	636,000	14,500	6,100,000

⁻⁻ Zero.

¹Export valuation is on a free-alongside-ship basis.

²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ½ unit.

TABLE 9 $\label{eq:u.s.} \text{U.s. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP } \\ \text{BY SELECTED COUNTRY}^{1,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septembe	er 2013	January–S	eptember ³	
Country	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	
Bahamas, The	(4)	70	3	624	
Canada	299	105,000	2,280	848,000	
China	1	376	6	2,800	
Dominican Republic	3	51	3	183	
Germany	(4)	102	5	1,800	
Italy			2	75	
Japan	1	194	5	1,770	
Mexico		11,600	200	91,500	
Sweden	7	1,660	107	41,900	
United Kingdom	40	16,100	160	65,800	
Other ⁵	(4)	570	8	3,540	
Total	377	136,000	2,780	1,060,000	

⁻⁻ Zero.

¹Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ship, boats, and other vessels for scrapping. Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ½ unit.

⁵Includes countries with January–September 2013 quantities of less than 500 metric tons.

TABLE 10 $\mbox{U.s. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP BY SELECTED CUSTOMS DISTRICT } ^{1,\,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septembe	er 2013	January-Sep	otember ³
Customs district	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
Buffalo, NY	76	35,000	525	263,000
Charleston, SC	40	16,200	188	75,700
Chicago, IL	5	496	31	5,360
Columbia-Snake, OR			8	2,320
Detroit, MI	101	36,700	910	339,000
Duluth, MN	6	1,860	42	12,300
El Paso, TX	2	983	27	11,200
Great Falls, MT	10	3,030	99	30,000
Laredo, TX	18	8,940	119	63,000
Mobile, AL	7	1,710	38	15,300
New Orleans, LA	1	94	27	10,400
Nogales, AZ	3	768	22	7,390
Norfolk, VA	(4)	97	1	342
Ogdensburg, NY	6	2,760	42	22,600
Pembina, ND	_ 7	2,880	56	21,500
Portland, ME	1	439	6	2,180
San Diego, CA	3	905	32	9,540
San Juan, PR	3	51	3	62
Seattle, WA	85	22,300	555	145,000
St Albans, VT	(4)	75	13	4,700
Wilmington, NC	(4)	475	30	12,000
Other	3	442	12	4,380
Total	377	136,000	2,780	1,060,000

⁻⁻ Zero.

¹Includes tinplate and terneplate; excludes used rails for rerolling and other uses and ships, boats and other vessels for scrapping. Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ½ unit.

TABLE 11 U.S. IMPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL SCRAP AND OTHER FERROUS PRODUCTS BY $\mathsf{GRADE}^{1,2}$

(Thousand metric tons and thousand dollars)

	Septemb	er 2013	January–September ³	
Item	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value
No. 1 heavy melting steel	33	10,700	223	74,000
No. 2 heavy melting steel	16	4,270	110	29,700
No. 1 bundles	122	48,000	825	317,000
No. 2 bundles		1,530	38	10,700
Shredded steel scrap	39	8,540	350	87,600
Borings, shovelings and turnings	7	1,560	45	10,100
Cut plate and structural	27	8,610	195	61,600
Tinned iron or steel	7	2,180	41	15,300
Remelting scrap ingots	(4)	5	(4)	56
Cast iron	16	2,630	149	41,100
Other iron and steel	41	12,600	362	109,000
Total carbon steel and cast iron	313	101,000	2,340	755,000
Stainless steel	22	18,300	149	149,000
Other alloy steel	43	17,200	295	153,000
Total stainless and alloy steel	65	35,500	444	303,000
Total carbon, stainless, alloy steel and cast iron	377	136,000	2,780	1,060,000
Ships, boats, and other vessels for				
breaking up (for scrapping)			(4)	6
Total scrap imports	377	136,000	2,780	1,060,000
Imports of manufactured ferrous products:				
Pig iron < or = 0.5% phosphorus	520	206,000	3,080	1,230,000
Pig iron < or = 0.5% phosphorus			(4)	26
Alloy pig iron			(4)	142
Total pig iron	520	206,000	3,080	1,230,000
Direct-reduced iron (DRI)	205	74,500	1,690	582,000
Spongy iron products, not DRI	(4)	396	120	54,100
Granules for abrasive cleaning and other uses		2,040	19	18,700
Powders of alloy steel		8,340	40	70,600
Other ferrous powders	4	7,510	37	65,200
Total DRI, granules, powders	217	92,800	1,910	791,000
Grand total	1,110	434,000	7,770	3,080,000

⁻⁻ Zero.

¹Import valuation is on a Customs basis.

²Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

³May include revisions to previously published data.

⁴Less than ½ unit.

TABLE 12 U.S. RAW STEEL PRODUCTION, RAW STEEL CAPABILITY UTILIZATION, AND CONTINUOUS CAST STEEL PRODUCTION $^{\rm I}$

	Raw steel p		Raw steel of utilization		Continuous production	
		Year		Year		Year
Period	Monthly	to date ²	Monthly	to date ²	Monthly	to date ²
2012:						
September	6,810	68,000	70.4	77.0	98.4	98.5
October	6,800	74,800	68.0	76.1	98.7	98.6
November	6,780	81,600	70.1	75.5	98.7	98.6
December	7,180	88,800	71.7	75.2	99.1	98.6
2013:						
January	7,370	7,370	76.5	76.5	98.7	98.7
February	6,810	14,200	78.3	77.3	98.7	98.7
March	7,340	21,500	76.2	77.0	98.8	98.7
April	7,150	28,700	76.7	76.9	98.7	98.7
May	7,370	36,000	76.5	76.8	98.7	98.7
June	7,100	43,100	76.1	76.7	98.6	98.7
July	7,440	50,600	77.3	76.8	98.5	98.7
August	7,470	58,000	77.6	76.9	98.9	98.7
September	7,290	65,300	78.3	77.0	98.8	98.7

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits.

Source: American Iron and Steel Institute.

 ${\it TABLE~13}$ COMPOSITE PRICES FOR NO. 1 HEAVY MELTING STEEL SCRAP AND PIG IRON

Period	American Metal Market No. 1 HMS		Scrap Price Bulletin ¹			
			No. 1 HMS		Pig Iron ²	
	\$/lt	\$/t	\$/1t	\$/t	\$/1t	\$/t
2012:						
September	349.79	344.27	312.84	307.90	452.12	444.98
October	312.56	307.62	312.84	307.90	458.22	450.88
November	341.14	335.75	347.08	341.60	467.36	459.98
December	349.39	343.87	347.50	342.01	467.36	459.98
Average, January-December	367.36	361.56	365.28	359.51	487.70	479.99
2013:						
January	352.35	346.78	350.83	345.29	467.36	459.98
February	343.54	338.11	342.92	337.50	467.36	459.98
March	363.19	357.45	366.17	360.39	467.36	459.98
April	352.10	346.54	357.84	352.19	455.17	447.98
May	329.64	324.43	332.50	327.25	449.58	442.48
June	324.86	319.73	327.50	322.33	441.96	434.98
July	339.50	334.14	337.83	332.49	441.96	434.98
August	340.69	335.31	340.83	335.45	441.96	434.98
September	336.61	331.29	335.50	330.20	436.88	429.98

¹Formerly Iron Age.

Note: Long tons = lt; metric tons = t.

²May include revisions to previously published data.

²Prices are Brazilian basic pig iron, f.o.b. New Orleans, LA.