MINERAL INDUSTRY SURVEYS



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF MINES

DOUGLAS McKAY, Secretary

J. J. FORBES, Director

Iron and Steel Scrap Monthly Report No. 162

IRON AND STEEL SCRAP IN APRIL 1954

Ferrous scrap consumption during April totaled 4,582,862 gross tons, a slight decrease from the previous month, according to the Bureau of Mines, United State Department of the Interior. Pig iron consumption totaled 4,021,957 gross tons, a decrease of 8 percent from March, and was the lowest, exclusive of strike months, since February 1950. The total melt (8,604,819 gross tons) consisted of 53.3 percent scrap and 46.7 percent pig iron.

Steel-making furnaces (open-hearth, Bessemer, and electric) used 3,417,292 gross tons of scrap, virtually unchanged from the previous month; pig iron consumption totaled 3,504,576 tons, an 8 percent decrease from March. The total melt (6,921,868 tons) of scrap and pig iron in steel-making furnaces, decreased 4 percent from March and consisted of 49 percent scrap and 51 percent pig iron. Electric furnaces used 518,048 tons of scrap during April, a slight increase over March.

Table 1 - Summary of production, receipts, consumption and consumers' stocks of iron and steel scrap and pig iron, November 1953 to April 1954, in gross tons

	Scrap for Consumption		Consumption		Consumers' Stocks at end of month		
Date	Home Scrap Produced	Purchased Scrap Received (Net)	Total	Scrap	Pig iron	Scrap	Pig iron 1/
Nov. 1953 Dec. 1953	3,100,179 3,099,571	1,989,039 1,889,286	5,089,218 4,988,857	5,064,565 4,690,277		6,385,494	2,375,077 2,500,329
Feb. 1954 Mar. 1954 Apr. 1954	2,844,060 2,714,085 2,840,369 2,654,984	1,547,419 1,577,305 1,715,619 1,713,529 <u>2</u> /	4,441,479 4,291,390 4,555,988 4,368,513	4,574,384 4,385,340 4,637,573 4,582,862	4,933,282 4,293,942 4,367,814 4,021,957	6.081.546	2,467,579 2,525,583 2,551,518 2,508,155

1/ Suppliers' stocks included with consumers' stocks.
2/ Excludes 191,155 gross tons of scrap shipped, transferred, or otherwise disposed of during month.

Prepared by James E. Larkin and James C. O. Harris, July 2, 1954, under the supervision of Norwood B. Melcher, Chief, Ferrous Metals and Alloys Branch, Minerals Division.

Stocks of ferrous materials (scrap and pig iron) held by consumers at the end of April totaled 8,375,131 tons, a decrease of 3 percent from the previous month. Stocks of scrap held by consumers at the end of April totaled 5,866,976 tons, a decrease of 4 percent from the previous month; pig iron stocks totaled 2,508,155 tons, a decrease of 2 percent from the previous month.

The use of scrap by the gray iron foundries during April totaled 748,766 gross tons, a decrease of 4 percent from March. Pig iron consumption by this industry also decreased 4 percent and totaled 375,045 gross tons.

Total scrap for consumption (home scrap produced and purchased scrap received) totaled 4,368,513 gross tons during April, compared with 4,555,988 tons in March. Home scrap accounted for 2,654,984 tons and purchases 1,713,599 tons; of the purchases, 81 percent was received from dealers and 19 percent from other sources. Receipts of purchased scrap is a net figure, computed by deducting consumers scrap shipped, transferred or otherwise disposed of during the month from total scrap received from dealers and all others.

Table 2 - Scrap produced and received during April, and stocks at consumers' plants April 30, 1954, in gross tons

	Home Scrap	Scrap received		
	Produced	From Dealers	From Others	Scrap stocks April 30
No. 1 heavy melting steel		270,247	42,946	1,494,643
No. 2 heavy melting steel	162,630	198,531	16,122	768,829
Bundles	93,099	302,289	103,194	795,687
Low phosphorous scrap	86,322	170,050	21,597	489,524
Cast iron scrap, other than borings	452,084	247,656	48,671	831,310
Turnings and/or borings, alloy free-	38,824	156,011	36,477	217,637
Rerolling rails	1,627	21,407	15,821	125,587
Scrap rails	2,228	22,923	4,036	66,142
High speed steel	1,385	543	255	4,905
Stainless steel	26,625	10,424	2,493	76,812
All other alloy iron and steel	101,920	10,565	13,519	244,732
All other prepared scrap	401,952	99,354	28,809	392,408
Unprepared scrap	264,783	32,011	28,730	358,760
Total scrap	2,654,984	1,542,014*	362,670 *	5,866,976

^{*} Includes 191,155 gross tons of scrap shipped, transferred or otherwise disposed of during month.

Stocks of iron and steel scrap at the end of April totaled 5,866,976 gross tons, compared with 6,081,546 tons on March 31, and were equivalent to a 38-day supply at the April consumption rate.

Table 3 - Stocks of iron and steel scrap and pig fron on hand at major consuming industries plants, able 3 - Stocks of iron and steel scrap and of month, in gross tons

2,375,077 2,500,329 2,467,579 2,525,583 2,551,518 2,508,155 Total Iron Foundries and Miscel-laneous Users 659,076 630,869 583,814 551,218 486,402 Pig Iron Stocks Mfgrs. of Steel Castings Mfgrs. of Steel Ingots and Castings 1,654,520 1,817,287 1,828,991 1,920,518 2,015,452 1,971,508 6,085,347 6,385,494 6,253,580 6,196,473 6,081,546 5,866,976 Total and Miscel-laneous Users Iron Foundries 852,793 845,088 802,746 804,210 812,441 Sdrap Stocks Mfgrs. of Steel Castings 334,051 319,659 322,275 326,731 326,154 339,269 Mfgrs. of Steel Ingots and Castings 4,898,503 5,220,747 5,128,559 5,065,532 4,940,951 4,733,027 Nov. 30, 1953-Dec. 31, 1953-Jan. 31, 1954-Feb. 28, 1954-Mar. 31, 1954-Apr. 30, 1954-Date

Table 4 - Consumption of iron and steel scrap in the United States during March and April, by grades, in gross tons

	March	April	Year to date
No. 1 heavy melting steelNo. 2 heavy melting steel	1,391,252	1,417,723	5,561,827
1168	1,98,971	519,777	1,968,062
Low phosphorous scrap	285,218	274,401	1946461
Throings and/or horings, allow free	198,037	733,258	2,899,385
Rerolling rails	984,64	43,896	170,180
Sorap railsun-consumentamentamentament	29,809	29,837	119,307
High speed steellersmannersmanning	2,277	2,035	9,204
All other allow from and steel	119.913	146,04 709,711	156,569
All other prepared scrap	616,351	598,450	2,154,536
Unprepared scrap	041و140	170,347	740,271
Total (all grades)	4,637,573	4,582,862	18,180,159

DEALERS AND BROKERS

Companies reporting during April, indicated that by the end of the month stocks had increased 7 percent over March 31. During April, dealers and automobile wreckers received virtually the same amount of scrap in their yards as during March, with shipments at the same level as the previous month. Receipts in April, however, were 22 percent greater than shipments. Of the scrap handled by dealers during April, five grades (No. 1 and No. 2 heavy melting steel scrap, bundles, low phosphorous, and cast iron scrap other than borings), represented 47 percent of the receipts, 70 percent of the shipments and 31 percent of the stocks at the end of the month. Unprepared scrap received in dealers and automobile wreckers yards and stocks held in their yards constituted 35 percent and 57 percent, respectively, of total receipts and stocks.

Table 5 - Dealers and automobile wreckers, receipts, shipments and stocks of iron and steel scrap as percentage of previous month

	Receipts during April 1954	Shipments during April 1954	Stocks Apr. 30,1954
No. 1 heavy melting steel	133	105	109
No. 2 heavy melting steel	96	92	112
Bundles	105	110	107
Low phosphorous scrap	92	90	120
Cast iron scrap other than borings	93	79	104
Turnings and/or borings, alloy free		120	109
Rerolling rails	246	154	98
Scrap rails	70	102	97
High speed steel	-	-	100
Stainless steel	107	87	129
All other alloy iron and steel	92	97	103
All other prepared scrap	106	107	92
Unprepared scrap	99	115	107
Total (all grades)	100	100	107

CONSUMPTION OF SCRAP IRON AND STEEL AND PIG IRON

Consumption of strap in April totaled 4,582,862 gross tons which was at an average daily rate of 152,762 tons or 19 percent less than for the year 1953.

In April, open-hearth furnaces used 63 percent of the total scrap, and 83 percent of the pig iron, compared with 62 and 82 percent, respectively, in March; electric furnaces in April used 6 percent of the ferrous materials (scrap and pig iron) charged to all furnaces, with open-hearth using 72 percent. During 1953, these percentages were 6 and 73, respectively. Blast furnaces used 6 percent, of the total purchased scrap; the corresponding percentage for the year 1953 was 6.

During April, steel-making furnaces (open-hearth, Bessemer and electric) accounted for 75 percent of the total scrap, and 87 percent of the pig iron consumed, compared with 74 and 87, respectively, during March. In 1953, steel-making furnaces used 77 percent of the total scrap, and 88 percent of the pig iron. The remainder was used in iron-making furnaces, principally the cupola. Consumption by type of furnace during April is shown in the following table:

Table 6 - Consumption of iron and steel scrap and pig iron by manufacturers of ingots, steel castings and iron foundries during April 1954, by type of furnace, in gross tons

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	Steel Ingots	ngots and	Steel	Steel Castings	Iron Fou	Foundries and		
Type of furnace	Cas	Castings 1/	NI		Miscellan	Miscellaneous Users	Total	1
	Scrap	Pig iron	Scrap	Pig iron	Scrap	Pig iron	Scrap	Pig iron
Open-hearth	2,839,959	3,321,450	15,885	6,834	•	•	2,885,844	3,328,284
Bessemer	11,723	165,695	1,259	8	817	큐	13,400	165,795
Klectric	408,923	7,631	94,830	1,560		1,306	518,048	10,497
Total steel-making furnaces	ñ	3,494,776	176,171		14,713	1,320	3,417,292	3,504,576
Cupola	57	53,645	775.91	12,417	_	308,983	748,766	375,045
Blast 3/	252,295	1	. 1	. 1			252,295	•
Direct castings		74.231	•	•	•	11.552		115,783
Airementerment	2,724	1,069	17,779	9177	58,680	21,038	79,183	26,553
Ferro-all ov			. 1	. 1	22,996	. 1	22,996	
Miscellaneous	19,032	•	ı		43,298		62,330	
Total April 1954	3,591,919	3,623,721	206,297	_	784,646	372,893	4,582,862	4,021,957
Total March 1951	3,589,146	3,947,482	228,932		819,195	393,912		4,367,814
Total February 195µ	3,149,686	3,908,997	205,178		730,476	359,636	4,385,340	4,293,942
Total January 1954	3,630,319	1,536,898	210,694	25,826	733,371	370,558	4,574,384	4,933,282
Total December 1953	3,682,368	14,659,947	232,260		775,649	1,00,885	4,690,277	5,091,786
Total November 1953	4,150,387	4,899,593	200,630		713,548	398,972	5,064,565	5,324,537

1/ Includes only those castings made by companies producing steel ingots.
2/ Excludes companies that produce both steel castings and steel ingots.
3/ Includes consumption in blast furnaces by both integrated and non-integrated mills.

Table 7 - Consumers' production, receipts, consumption and stocks of ferrous scrap, and consumption of pig iron in the United States, by State and Region, in gross tons

consumption of pig iron i	n the United		State and R	egion, in gros	s tons
State and Region	Home Scrap Produced	Scrap Purchased Scrap Received	Consumed	Scrap Stocks Apr.30, 1954	Pig iron
United States, total	2,654,984	1,904,6841	4,582,862	5,866,976	4,021,957
Undistributed	379	7,164	4,966	25,308	
New England, total	26,566	24,254	55,404	106,661	18,484
Connecticut	6,600	4,437	14,488	22,640	3,872
Maine	300	577	625	1,967	258
Massachusetts	15,534	13,592	30,959	66,982	10,129
New Hampshire	749 2,508	810 4,169	1,365 5,941	1,197 9,427	332 3,176
Vermont	875	669	2,026	8بلباريا	717
Middle Atlantic, total	754,785	1445ء441	1,176,411	1,869,649	1,269,224
New Jersey	15,046	36,128	47,745	57,828	16,980
New York	108,540	90,189	193,893	353,197	205,160
Pennsylvania (East) Pennsylvania (West)	149,404 481,795	104,824 214,276	275,787 658,986	553,504 905,120	237,522 809,562
•					
East North Central, total	1,277,025	923,742	2,234,375	2,1,33,290	1,778,660
IllinoisIndiana	236,671 347,667	210,712 187,352	463,951	584,167	281,886
Michigan	197,798	225,244	521,125 401,697	560,788 351,490	560,458 201,548
Ohio (East)	385,892	208,365	653,080	721,795	630,431
Ohio (West)	73.616	66,135	137,000	162,657	88,058
Wisconsin	35,381	25,934	57,522	52,393	16,279
West North Central, total	45,990	83,093	134,310	296,713	46,002
Iowa	13,702	22,055	31,297	33,669	6,561
Kansas and Nebraska	1,461	4,013	4,739	12,657	514
Missouri	17,675 13,152	11,900 45,125	36,165 62,109	120,033	36,130 2,797
South Atlantic, total	194,776	94,630	293,958	278,956	408,088
Delaware, District of					
Columbia and Maryland	133,596	29,195	173,115	137,447	277,917
Florida and Georgia	4,010	11,967	14,725	9,748	1,105
North Carolina	11,00ft	2,895	4,436	1,046	1,033
South Carolina	858 52,308	590 49,983	1,638 100,0h4	2,424 125,291	977
East South Central, total	142,055	110,721	245,836	205,266	127,056 268,868
·		4.			
Alabama	99,184	70,657	161,808	137,237	220,662
and Tennessee	42,871	40,064	280,48	68,029	48,206
West South Central, total	45,487	65,328	107,749	190,125	48,274
Arkansas, Louisiana, and Oklahoma	2,955 42,532	9,826 55,502	11,747	21,780	698 47.576
Texas			96,002	168.3/15	17.576
Rocky Mountain, total	80,472	33,638	134,133	96,097	125,552
Arizona and Nevada	14514	7,877	4,895	19,629	5
Colorado and Utah	79,644	24,376	127,168	68,715	125,521
Idaho	61 313	639 746	806	5,1113	18
Pacific Coast, total	ويلر 94بار87	116,697	1,264	5,310 364,911	58,805
California	78,692	87,884	_		58,533
Oregon	2,746	12,524	160,278 14,030	291,10L 20,071	50,533 94
Washington	6,011	16,289	21,412	53,736	178

^{1/} Includes 191,155 gross tons that was shipped, transferred or otherwise disposed of during April.

Table 8 - Consumption of ferrous scrap and pig iron in open-hearth furnaces in the United States, by State and Region, in gross tons

	Consumption during April 1954				
State and Region	Total scrap	Pig iron	Total charge		
United States, total	2,885,844	3,328,284	6,214,128		
New England, total	18,596	5,781	24,377		
Connecticut, Massachusetts, and Rhode Island	18,5%	5,781	24,377		
Middle Atlantic, total	832,387	1,127,328	1,959,715		
New Jersey and New York	138,574 192,564 501,249	191,630 211,126 724,572	330,204 403,690 1,225,8 21		
East North Central, total	1,364,920	1,426,613	2,791,533		
Illinois Indiana Michigan and Wisconsin Ohio (East) Ohio (West)	265,077 450,839 153,348 434,782 60,874	214,363 538,845 119,870 482,238 71,297	479,440 989,684 273,218 917,020 132,171		
West North Central, total	52,873	33,722	86 , 595		
Minnesota and Missouri	52 , 873	33,722	86 , 595		
South Atlantic, total	223,065	367,812	590 , 877		
Delaware and MarylandGeorgia and West Virginia	147,531 75,534	248,037 119,775	395,568 195,309		
East South Central, total	111,855	169,125	280,980		
Alabama and Kentucky	111,855	169,125	280,980		
West South Central, total	61,470	36,400	97 , 870		
Oklahoma and Texas	61,470	36,400	97,870		
Rocky Mountain, total	111,499	112,937	436و با22		
Colorado and Utah	111,499	112,937	436, با22		
Pacific Coast, total	109,179	48,566	157,745		
California and Washington	109,179	48,566	157,745		

FOREIGN TRADE 1/

According to the Bureau of the Census, exports of iron and steel scrap totaled 59,425 gross tons in April and 92,799 tons in March; exports of pig iron during April totaled 741 tons and 410 tons in March. Imports of scrap totaled 5,051 gross tons in April compared with 3,449 tons in March. Imports of pig iron totaled 21,187 gross tons in April and 4,601 tons in March. In addition to the above imports of pig iron during April there was 784 tons of sponge iron, valued at \$146,575, imported, of which 747 tons came from Sweden and 37 tons from Canada.

Table 9 - Imports of iron and steel scrap into the United States in April 1954 and year 1954 by countries

	April	1954	January to A	January to April 1954		
Country	Gross tons	Value	Gross tons	Value		
Canada and Newfoundland Cuba French Morocco Japan Union of South Africa All others	4,513 137 145 - 47 209	\$151,139 385 5,164 1,301 22,712	12,418 480 397 115 308 948	\$\\\\2\\\369 1\\\\\06 1\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
Total	5,051.	\$180,701	14,666	\$552,510		

Table 10 - Exports of iron and steel scrap from the United States by countries

	Apri	11 1954	January to	April 1954
Country	Gross tons	Value	Gross tons	Value
Canada and Newfoundland Mexico	6,552 17,113 34,693 1,067	\$206,767 469,606 1,282,459 91,906	14,190 63,567 177,275 11,376	\$\\\\\20,610 1,831,5\\\\831,5\\\\86,996,326 561,\\\\\06
Total	59,425	\$2,050,738	408,408	\$9,809,890

^{1/} To conform with other data in this report foreign trade data include tin plate scrap.