U.S. Department of the Interior • Bureau of Mines

MINERAL INDUSTRY SURVEYS

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IRON ORE IN NOVEMBER 1990

U.S. mine production of iron ore was 10% less than that of October, according to the Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior. Michigan had no production in November because of the 4-month long dispute between Cleveland-Cliffs Inc and the United Steelworkers of America. Shipments from U.S. loading docks on the upper Great Lakes dropped to 4.4 million metric tons, putting the year-to-date total 7% behind the corresponding figure for The American Iron Ore Association reported only 20,100 tons loaded at Escanaba and none at Marquette. As a result, production and shipments for the entire country were down 36% and 34%, respectively, from the pre-strike levels of July. U.S. mine shipments for the first 11 months of 1990 were 5% less than the corresponding 1989 year-to-date total of 52.5 million tons. Domestic steelworks consumed 6.1 million tons of ore and agglomerates in November, down 4% from the previous month. Ore consumption had been relatively stable throughout the third quarter, but concerns of an impending recession and the deteriorating situation in the Persian Gulf region caused consumer confidence to drop off and sales of products incorporating steel to weaken. Because of these signs of slowing demand, blast furnace operators cut back hot metal production more than normal during the yearend holiday season. On November 30, 47 blast furnaces were in operation, 1 more than on October 31. Furnace operators had, on the average, about 74 days of ore stocks in their yards.

Joint Venture Formed to Evaluate Commercial Production of Iron Carbide

Cleveland-Cliffs Inc (CCI) and North Star Steel Co. have formed a joint venture to evaluate the feasibility of producing iron carbide on a commercial scale. The joint venture will use technology licensed by Iron Carbide Holdings Ltd. of Lakewood, CO. Reformed natural gas will be used to reduce iron ore concentrates in a fluidized bed reactor. The bulk of the iron carbide would be sold in pellet form to steelmakers with electric arc furnace operations. The new product would supplement premium quality scrap and compete against imports of hot briquetted iron from direct reduction plants in Venezuela and Asia. In 1990, electric furnace operations accounted for 37% of total U.S. raw steel production, but to date the facilities have not used

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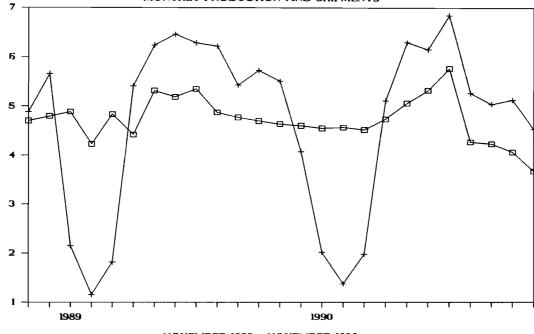
large amounts of conventional iron ore pellets because of the resulting drop in productivity and higher electrical power consumption.

North Star is the ninth largest steelmaker in the United States. The Minneapolis-based company has mini-plants in 7 States and can produce 2.4 million metric tons per year of raw steel in its 11 electric arc furnaces. Melting and casting operations are located at Wilton, IA; Monroe, MI; St. Paul, MN; Youngstown, OH; Milton, PA; and Beaumont, TX. CCI is a major iron ore merchant and manages six iron mines in North America and Australia.

The MINES-DATA System

The telephone number for the MINES-DATA computer bulletin board is $(202)\ 634-4637$; the computer settings are: 2400, N, 8, and 1. Anyone who needs technical assistance or a copy of the MINES-DATA instruction manual can leave a message with the answering machine by calling $(202)\ 634-9632$.

MONTHLY PRODUCTION AND SHIPMENTS



NOVEMBER 1988 - NOVEMBER 1990

MINE PRODUCTION + MINE SHIPMENTS

Table 1. - U.S. production and shipments of iron ore, by districts 1/
• (Exclusive of ore containing 5% or more manganese)
(thousand metric tons)

	Lake	Other	To	tal 2/
Period	Superior	U.S.	1990	1989
Production:				
1989	56,981	2,052		59,032
1990:				
1st Quarter	13,425	223	13,648	13,960
2nd Quarter	14,909	232	15,141	14,946
3rd Quarter	14,005	282	14,287	15,009
October	3,979	90	4,069	4,703
November	3,576	102	3,677	4,645
Shipments:			=	
1989 3/	56,089	2,210	••	58,299
1990:				
1st Quarter	5,145	230	5,375	5,131
2nd Quarter	17,335	250	17,585	18,121
3rd Quarter	16,912	262	17,175	17,945
October	5,047	93	5,140	5,735
November	4,457	83	4,540	5,520

^{1/} Excludes byproduct ore, except where noted.

^{2/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

^{3/} Includes byproduct ore.

Table 2. - U.S. mine production, shipments and stocks of iron ore 1/ (Exclusive of ore containing 5% or more manganese) (Thousand metric tons)

	Production November		•	Shipments November		Mine Stocks November 30	
District	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	
Lake Superior:							
Michigan 2/		1,135	14	1,502	408	1,092	
Minnesota	3,576	3,424	4,444	3,956	4,978	2,881	
Other U.S	102	85	83	62	148	134	
Total 3/	3,677	4,645	4,540	5,520	5,535	4,107	

^{1/} Excludes byproduct ore.

Table 3. - Canada: Shipments of iron ore (Thousand dry metric tons)

	Newfound-			British	Total	al 1/
Period	land	Quebec	Ontario	Columbia	1990	1989
1989 p/	20,662	15,395	3,353	64		39,474
1st Quarter	1,179	1,884	677	9	3,749	6,008
2nd Quarter	5,070	4,058	296	33	9,457	11,230
3rd Quarter	7,028	3,904	112	r/35	r/11,079	11,355
October	1,836	1,598		r/9	r/3,442	r/3,398
November	2,458	1,816		9	4,282	3,920

Source: Energy, Mines, and Resources Canada.

^{2/} Production facilities were shut down by a labor dispute on August 1, 1990.

^{3/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

p/ Preliminary. r/ Revised. 1/ Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Table 4. - U.S. consumption and stocks of iron ore and agglomerates at consuming plants and production of pig iron (Thousand metric tons)

(Consumption		Stocks	
October	Year	to date 1/	Octob	er 31
1990	1990	1989	1990	1989
535	5,482	4,963	810	1,20
166	1,695	1,828	119	124
		-		
432	5,196	6,695	1,922	2,23
2,504	25,006	23,665	5,491	5,86
781	6,505	6,063	1,908	1,83
		•		
1,935	18,289	18,977	3,866	3,67
6,354	62,173	62,191	14,116	14,93
		······	1,513	1,520
Consump	otion by process		Pig iron pro	duced
	0ctober 1990 535 166 432 2,504 781 1,935 6,354	1990 1990 535 5,482 166 1,695 432 5,196 2,504 25,006 781 6,505 1,935 18,289 6,354 62,173	October Year to date 1/ 1990 1989 535 5,482 4,963 166 1,695 1,828 432 5,196 6,695 2,504 25,006 23,665 781 6,505 6,063 1,935 18,289 18,977 6,354 62,173 62,191	October Year to date 1/ October 1990 1990 1989 1990 535 5,482 4,963 810 166 1,695 1,828 119 432 5,196 6,695 1,922 2,504 25,006 23,665 5,491 781 6,505 6,063 1,908 1,935 18,289 18,977 3,866 6,354 62,173 62,191 14,116 1,513

	Consum	Pig iron produced				
	October	Year	to date 1/	October	Year	to date 1/
Consuming Sector	1990	1990	1989	1990	1990	1989
Blast furnaces	5,626	57,197	55,499	4,239	41,856	42,954
Steel furnaces	5	73	269			
Agglomerating plants 3/	571	4,721	6,419			
Miscellaneous 4/	152	181	4		••	••
Total 2/	6,354	62,173	62,191	4,239	41,856	42,954

^{1/} May include revisions for previous months.

Source: American Iron Ore Association (consumption of iron ore).

American Iron and Steel Institute (production of pig iron).

^{2/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

^{3/} Iron ore and iron ore concentrates consumed in agglomerating plants not located at the mine site.

^{4/} Sold to nonreporting companies or used for purposes not listed.

Table 5. - U.S. exports of iron ore and agglomerates, by country of destination (Thousand metric tons)

Period				Tota	al 1/
	Canada	Mexico	Other	1990	1989
1989 1990:	5,359	(2/)	6		5,365
1st Quarter	352	(2/)	1	353	348
2nd Quarter	1,811	1	(2/)	1,813	1,991
3rd Quarter	774	(2/)	(2/)	774	1,700
October	85		(2/)	85	527

^{1/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under heading 2601 of the export classification system (Schedule B).

Table 6. - U.S. exports of iron ore and agglomerates, by type (Thousand metric tons)

Period	Pellets	Concentrates	Direct shipping ores	Other	Total 1/
1989	4,852	353	145	16	5,365
1st Quarter	296	3	2	52	353
2nd Quarter	1,704	2	8	99	1,813
3rd Quarter	770	2	2	1	774
October	80	1	3	1	85

^{1/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under heading 2601 of the export classification system (Schedule B).

^{2/} Less than one-half unit.

Table 7. - U.S. imports for consumption of iron ore and agglomerates, by country (Exclusive of ore containing 20% or more manganese)

	Octob	per 1990	. Ye	ear to date 19	90	Year to date	
64	Thousand	Value 1/	Thousand	Value 1/	Value 1/	1989	
Country	metric	(thousand	metric	(thousand	(dollars	(thousand	
of origin 		dollars)	tons	dollars)	per ton)	metric tons	
Australia			14	584	42.14	329	
Brazil	427	7, <i>7</i> 50	3,876	82,108	21.18	4,554	
Canada	991	35,799	2/7,167	2/261,169	2/36.44	7,002	
Chile	86	1,807	138	2,905	21.00	61	
India						59	
iberia						200	
lauritania	134	2,805	544	11,597	21.31	526	
Norway						40	
Peru	22	614	2/59	2/1,632	2/27.56	121	
Philippines 3/	••					66	
Spain	(4/)	7	(4/)	27	72.66		
Sweden			54	2,273	42.28		
/enezuela	350	11,106	2/2,804	2/85,207	2/30.39	3,725	
Other	2/(4/)	2/11	2/(4/)	2/24	2/183.97	(4/)	
Total 5/	2,010	59,898	14,656	447,525	6/30.53	16,683	

^{1/} Customs value. Excludes international freight, insurance, and other c.i.f. charges.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under heading 2601 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States.

^{2/} All or part being questioned.

^{3/} Sinter made from raw materials supplied by Australia, Brazil, and other countries.

^{4/} Less than one-half unit.

^{5/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding. Unit values shown above are calculated from unrounded data.

^{6/} Weighted average calculated from unrounded data by dividing total value by total tonnage.

Table 8. - U.S. imports for consumption of iron ore and agglomerates, by type (Exclusive of ore containing 20% or more manganese)

	Octob	October 1990		Year to date 1990			
Type of product	Thousand metric tons	Value 1/ (thousand dollars)	Thousand metric tons	Value 1/ (thousand dollars)	Value 1/ (dollars per ton)	1989 (thousand metric tons)	
Concentrates	28	751	136	4,099	30.19	314	
Coarse ores	119	2 <i>,7</i> 57	439	11,134	25.34	546	
Fine ores	699	13,443	7,235	189,006	26.13	r/9,662	
Pellets	1,086	40,085	6,740	239,365	35.51	4,867	
Briquettes	77	2,849	2/107	2/3,896	2/36.54		
agglomerates	(3/)	14	(3/)	14	132.20	r/1,174	
Roasted pyrites			2/(3/)	2/10	2/1,475.43	121	
Total 4/	2,010	59,898	14,656	447,525	5/30.53	16,683	

r/ Revised.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under heading 2601 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States.

^{1/} Customs value. Excludes international freight, insurance, and other c.i.f. charges.

^{2/} All or part being questioned.

^{3/} Less than one-half unit.

^{4/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding. Unit values shown above are calculated from unrounded data.

^{5/} Weighted average calculated from unrounded data by dividing total value by total tonnage.

Table 9. - U.S. imports for consumption for iron ore and agglomerates in October 1990

(Exclusive of ore containing 20% or more manganese)

(Thousand metric tons)

			Type of	Product			
Country of origin	Concentrates	Coarse ores	Fine ores	Pellets	Briquettes and other agglomerates	Roasted pyrites	Total 1/
Brazil			427			••	427
Canada	28			886	77		991
Chile			86		••		86
Mauritania			134				134
Peru				22	••		22
Spain			(2/)				(2/)
Venezuela		119	5 3	178	••		350
Other					3/(2/)	••	3/(2/)
Total 1/	28	119	699	1,086	77		2,010

^{1/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under heading 2601 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States.

Table 10. - U.S. imports for consumption of pellets, by country

	Octob	er 1990 Year to date 1990			00	Year to date	
Country of origin	Thousand metric tons	Value 1/ (thousand dollars)	Thousand metric tons	Value 1/ (thousand dollars)	Value 1/ (dollars per ton)	1989 (thousand metric tons)	
Brazil			488	14,351	29.41	372	
Canada	886	32,196	4,843	178,052	36.77	2,646	
India						59	
eru	22	614	59	1,621	27.39	95	
/enezuela	178	7,274	1,350	45,340	33.59	1,695	
other						г/	
Total 2/	1,086	40,085	6,740	239,365	3/35.51	4,867	

r/ Revised.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under item 2601.12.00.30 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States.

^{2/} Less than one-half unit.

^{3/} Being questioned.

^{1/} Customs value. Excludes international freight, insurance, and other c.i.f. charges.

²/ Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding. Unit values shown above are calculated from unrounded data.

^{3/} Weighted average calculated from unrounded data by dividing total value by total tonnage.

Table 11. - U.S. imports for consumption of iron ore and agglomerates, by customs district

(Exclusive of ore containing 20% or more manganese)

(Thousand metric tons)

		Year 1	o date
Customs district	October 1990	1990	1989
Baltimore (13)	444	3,030	5,231
Charleston, SC (16)	45	497	413
Chicago (39)	295	1,338	2,556
Cleveland (41)	184	1,410	1,218
Detroit (38)	53	873	524
Houston-Galveston (53)	••	(1/)	(1/)
Laredo (23)		10	
Los Angeles (27)	(1/)	(1/)	(1/)
Mobile (19)	239	2,593	1,641
New Orleans (20)	337	1,618	1,583
New York (10)	(1/)	(1/)	(1/)
Ogdensburg, NY (07)	(1/)	1	4
Philadelphia (11)	412	3,285	3,514
San Francisco (28)	••	• ••	(1/)
San Juan, PR (49)	(1/)	(1/)	
Other	(1/)	(1/)	
Total 2/	2,010	14,656	16,683

^{1/} Less than one-half unit.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under item 2601 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States.

Table 12. - U.S. imports for consumption of pellets, by customs district (Thousand metric tons)

Customs district		Year to date	
	October 1990	1990	1989
Baltimore (13)	244	863	688
Charleston (16)	45	449	305
Chicago (39)	106	332	694
Cleveland (41)	106	649	369
Detroit (38)	52	328	
Laredo (23)		10	
Mobile (19)	239	1,316	
Philadelphia (11)	293	2,792	2,812
Total 1/	1,086	6,740	4,867

^{1/} Data may not add to shown totals because of independent rounding.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under item 2601.12.00.30 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedules of the United States.

^{2/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.