## MINERAL INDUSTRY SURVEYS



## U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF MINES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20241



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IRON ORE IN MAY 1987

U.S. mine production of iron ore in May was 30% more than that of April, according to the Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior. One-half of the sharp increase in production was due to resumption of operations at USX Corp.'s Minntac Mine in Mountain Iron, MN. Shipments from U.S. loading docks on the Great Lakes totaled 5.6 million long tons and were 47% greater than those of the previous month. A large part of the additional tonnage was used to replenish furnace yard stocks, which had fallen to record-low levels during the winter. Imports rose 36%, with 62% of the material entering through Gulf or mid-Atlantic ports. Consumption of ore and agglomerates continued to improve as a result of the USX labor settlement on January 31, but remained extremely weak. Total consumption through May was only 23.4 million tons, down 13% from the 27.0 million tons for the same period in 1986. On May 31, 45 blast furnaces were in operation, the same number as on April 30.

Operations were resumed at the Minntac Mine and pelletizing plant on May 17. However, USX management cut back the production rate to 9.2 million tons of pellets per year from the previous level of 12.5 million tons. The production cutback was dictated in part by the idling and eventual sale of USX's Geneva Steelworks at Orem, UT. Geneva had been a major user of Minntac pellets since 1983 when the company closed its last western mine at Atlantic City, WY.

Minntac was shut down on August 1, 1986 at the start of the company-wide labor dispute with the United Steelworkers of America. The dispute was settled on January 31, but USX management decided to keep the mining complex closed for an additional  $3\frac{1}{2}$  months until excess pellet stocks at the remaining, reopened blast furnaces were drawn down to satisfactory levels. Only four of the grate/kiln lines at the Minntac pelletizing plant were restarted. The facility has a total of 7 grate/kiln lines with an aggregate design capacity of 18.5 million tons. The Minnesota division was in the process of recalling 950 hourly and 200 salaried employees.

<u>Update</u>: At the end of August, USX Corp. sold its Geneva Works to a newly formed subsidiary of Basic Manufacturing and Technologies of Utah Inc. The new subsidiary, Geneva Steel of Utah, will initially operate one blast furnace and two open hearth furnaces. Geneva is the only integrated steel plant operating west of the Mississippi.

Prepared in the Division of Ferrous Metals, October 29, 1987.

## **U.S. IRON ORE**

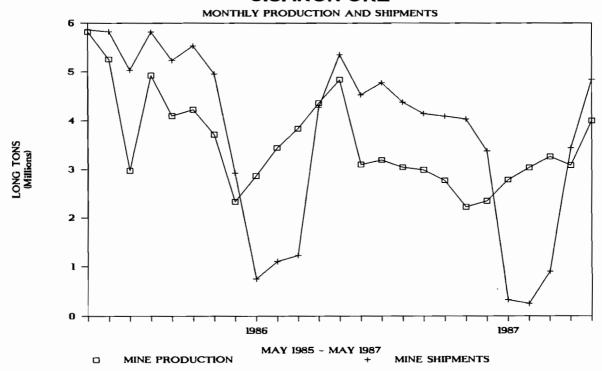


Table 1. - U.S. production and shipments of iron ore, by districts  $\underline{1}/$  (Exclusive of ore containing 5% or more manganese) (Thousand long tons)

	Lake		Total 2/		
Period	Superior	Other U.S.	1987	1986	
Production:					
1986 p/	38,179	809		38,988	
1987:					
lst Quarter	8,898	171	9,069	10,144	
April	3,020	56	3,076	4,363	
May	3,942	58	4,000	4,838	
Shipments:					
1986 p/	41,225	823		42,048	
1987:					
1st Quarter	1,341	142	1,484	3,087	
April	3,366	70	3,437	r/4,277	
May	4,783	61	4,844	5,354	

p/ Preliminary. r/ Revised.

1/ Excludes byproduct ore, except where noted.

2/ Includes estimated data. Data may not all Includes estimated data. Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Table 2. - U.S. mine production, shipments, and stocks of iron ore  $\underline{1}/$ (Exclusive of ore containing 5% or more manganese) (Thousand long tons)

District -	Production May		Shipments May		Mine Stocks May 31	
	1987	1986	1987	1986	1987	1986
Lake Superior:				_		
Michigan	947	927	1,509	1,187	2,498	3,918
Minnesota	2,995	3,849	3,275	4,109	6,522	8,427
Other U.S	58	61	61	59	261	290
Total 2/	4,000	4,838	4,844	5,354	9,281	12,635

<sup>1/</sup> Excludes byproduct ore.

Table 3. - U.S. exports of iron ore (Thousand long tons)

Period	Canada	Other	Total $\underline{1}/$		
			1987	1986	
1986 <u>p</u> /	4,478	3		4,482	
1987: 1st Quarter April May	92 440 911	$\begin{array}{c} (\underline{2}/) \\ (\underline{\overline{2}}/) \\ (\underline{\overline{2}}/) \end{array}$	92 440 911	156 218 533	

Source: Bureau of the Census.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{2}$ / Includes estimated data. Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

p/ Preliminary. 1/ Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding. 2/ Less than one-half unit.

Table 4. - Canada: Shipments of iron ore (Thousand dry long tons)

Period	Newfound- land	Quebec	Ontario	British Columbia	1987 Total <u>1</u> /	1986 Total <u>1</u> /
1986 <u>p</u> /	20,086	13,285	3,329	26		36,724
lst Quarter	2,249	2,977	848	6	6,080	5,648
April	1,623	1,225	266	2	3,115	3,769
May	1,144	1,654	271	2	3,071	3,874

p/ Preliminary.

Source: Energy, Mines, and Resources Canada.

Table 5. - U.S. imports for consumption of iron ore, by country (Exclusive of ore containing 10% or more manganese)

Country 1	May 1987		Yea	Year to date		
	Thousand long tons	Value $\frac{1}{2}$ (thousand dollars)	Thousand long tons	Value $\frac{1}{4}$ (thousand dollars)	Value 1/ (dollars per ton)	1986 (thousand long tons
Brazi1	329	5,462	1,666	29,373	17.63	1,705
Canada	820	27,406	1,578	55,895	35.42	2,987
Chile			329	5,709	17.33	36
Liberia	60	706	373	5,038	13.49	635
Mauritania			66	1,049	15.95	
Peru			41	823	20.27	38
Spain			1	27	51.76	
Sweden			55	1,083	19.64	35
Venezuela	370	7,274	899	17,973	20.00	1,287
Other	( <u>2</u> /)	12	58	1,590	27.20	67
Total <u>3</u> /	1,580	40,861	5,066	118,560	23.40	6,791

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$  Customs value. Excludes international freight, insurance, and other c.i.f. charges.  $\frac{2}{2}$  Less than one-half unit.  $\frac{3}{2}$  Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Source: Bureau of the Census data reported under item 601.24 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States.

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{1}$ / Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Table 6. - U.S. consumption and stocks of iron ore and agglomerates at consuming plants and production of pig iron (Thousand long tons)

	Co	onsumption			
-	May Year to date			Stocks May 31	
State or Region	1987	1987	1986	1987	1986
Alabama, Kentucky, Tennessee,		-			
Texas, and Missouri	325	1,581	2,144	812	710
California, Colorado, and Utah-			789		177
elaware, Maryland, and West					
Virginia	602	3,106	2,687	1,341	1,596
Illinois and Indiana	2,161	9,140	10,344	4,041	4,221
lichigan and Minnesota	496	2,391	2,227	1,010	1,289
lew York, Ohio, Pennsylvania,		•	,	,	,
New Jersey, and Rhode Island-	1,751	7,207	8,787	1,823	3,380
Total 1/	5,334	23,425	26,979	9,027	11,373

	Consu	mption by	process	Pig iron produced		
-	May	Year	to date	May	Year	to date
Consuming Sector	1987	1987	1986	1987	1987	1986
Blast furnaces	4,788	20,590	23,456	3,800	16,497	19,049
Steel furnaces	11	30	118			
Agglomerating plants 2/	534	2,791	3,357			
Miscellaneous 3/	1	13	48			
Total <u> </u> /	5,334	23,425	26,979	3,800`	16,497	19,049

Source: American Iron Ore Association (consumption of iron ore). American Iron and Steel Institute (production of pig iron).

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{1}{2}$ / Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding. the mine site.

 $<sup>\</sup>underline{3}$ / Sold to nonreporting companies or used for purposes not listed.

Table 7. - U.S. imports for consumption of iron ore, by customs district (Exclusive of ore containing 10% or more manganese) (Thousand long tons)

Customs district	May 1987	Year to date		
		1987	1986	
Baltimore	243	1,443	2,102	
Buffalo		(1/)	r/(1/)	
Charleston	24	<u>1</u> 34	86	
Chicago	294	515	291	
Cleveland	261	404	572	
Detroit	52	78	92	
Houston		(1/)	7	
Mobile		$\overline{4}06$	1,265	
New Orleans	234	737	750	
New York		(1/)	(1/)	
Philadelphia	471	$1,\overline{3}50$	$1,\overline{6}27$	
San Juan, PR		1		
Wilmington, NC	( <u>1</u> /)	( <u>1</u> /)		
Total <u>2</u> /	1,580	5,066	6,791	

r/ Revised.  $\frac{1}{2}$ / Less than one-half unit.  $\frac{2}{2}$ / Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.