mineral industry surveys



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF MINES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20241



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Iron Ore, Monthly

IRON ORE IN AUGUST 1985

U.S. mine production of iron ore rebounded in August as three mines resumed production in the Lake Superior district, according to the Bureau of Mines, U.S. Department of the Interior. Production resumed at the Minntac, Minorca, and Tilden mines after being shut down during July. U.S. mine shipments and imports also increased in August, while exports and consumption were slightly below those of the previous month. Total stocks of ore increased by 1.2 million tons. Forty-six blast furnaces were operating at monthend, one less than at the end of July.

Update.--Early in September, Mineral Services Inc. (MSI) lowered its price for Lake Superior iron ore pellets to 58 cents per natural long ton unit of iron, delivered rail-of-vessel at lower lake ports. MSI's previous price was 66 cents per unit. The company's action followed price reductions in August by Pickands Mather & Co. and U.S. Steel Corp. The range of published prices for Lake Superior pellets is now equivalent to approximately \$37.12 to \$55.62 per long ton of pellets containing 64% iron, delivered rail-of-vessel at lower lake ports.

By mid-October, three pellet producers on the Mesabi Range announced plans to suspend production for an indefinite period because of low demand from the steel industry. Inland Steel Co. plans to close the Minorca Mine on November 17. Pickands Mather & Co. plans to shut down operations of Hibbing Taconite Co. on October 26. U.S. Steel Corp. expects to suspend production at Minntac, on or about December 1. A total of about 2,900 employees are to be temporarily laid off. Meanwhile, Oglebay Norton Co. resumed production at Eveleth Mines on October 13 after a 15-week shutdown, and in Michigan, Cleveland-Cliffs Iron Co. resumed production at the Empire Mine on October 20.

On October 14, collapse of a 150-foot section of the west wall of Lock 7 in the Welland Canal halted shipping between Lakes Erie and Ontario. As of October 22, nearly 90 ships including 36 lake vessels were delayed, at anchor or in port. Time needed for repair was uncertain as damage was still being assessed.

Prepared in the Division of Ferrous Metals, November 5, 1985.

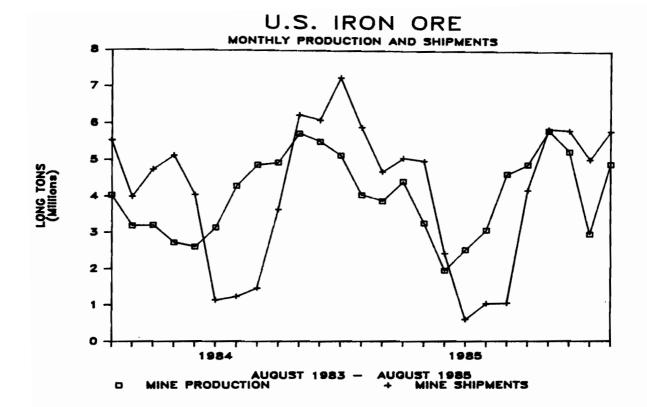


Table 1.--U.S. production and shipments of iron ore, by districts 1/
(Exclusive of ore containing 5% or more manganese)
(Thousand long tons)

	Lake			Total 2/		
	Superior	Other U.S.	1985	1984		
Production:				<u> </u>		
1984 p/	49,780	1,494		51,274		
1st Quarter	9,955	291	10,246	12,325		
2st Quarter	15,786	190	15,976	16,192		
July	2,873	100	2,974	5,143		
August	4,817	108	4,925	4,053		
Shipments:						
1984 p/ 1985:	48,648	1,574		50,222		
1st Quarter	2,457	263	2,718	3,870		
2st Quarter	15,713	182	15,893	15,998		
July	4,900	137	5,037	7,265		
August	5,683	136	5,819	5,904		

p/ Preliminary
1/ Excludes byproduct ore, except where noted.

 $[\]overline{2}$ / Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Table 2.—U.S. mine production, shipments, and stocks of iron ore 1/
(Exclusive of ore containing 5% or more manganese) (Thousand long tons)

	Production August		Shipm Augu		Mine Stocks August 31	
	1985	1984	1985	1984	1985	1984
Lake Superior: Michigan Minnesota Wisconsin Other U.S	1,370 3,446 108	947 3,003 102	1,589 4,094 136	1,267 4,531 106	3,255 6,270 325	2,631 5,693 304
Total <u>2</u> /	4,925	4,053	5,819	5,904	9,850	8,628

Table 3.--U.S. exports of iron ore (Thousand long tons)

	Canada	Other	Total 1/	
			1985	1984
1984 <u>p</u> /	4,988	(2/)	-	4,989
1985: 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter July August	276 1,412 586 560	(2/) (<u>2</u> /) (<u>2</u> /) (<u>2</u> /)	276 1,412 586 560	314 1,340 932 487

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census.

^{1/} Excludes byproduct ore.
2/ Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

p/ Preliminary.

1/ Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

2/ Less than one-half unit.

Table 4.—Canada: Shipments of iron ore (Thousand dry long tons)

	Newfound- land	Quebec	Ontario	British Columbia	1985 Total <u>1</u> /	1984 Total <u>1</u> /
1984	20,854	14,419	4,557	153		39,983
1985:						
1st Quarter	1,602	3,157	1,230		5,988	5,079
2nd Quarter	7,029	3,970	1,019	8	12,027	r/10,934
July	1,841	1,438	149	4	3,432	4,138
August	NA.	NA.	NA.	NA.	NA.	3,942
				L		

Source: Energy, Mines, and Resources Canada.

Table 5.--U.S. imports for consumption of iron ore by countries (Exclusive of ore containing 10% or more manganese)

	August	1985	Ye	Year to date		
	Thousand long tons	Value 1/ (thousand dollars)	Thousand long tons	Value 1/ (thousand dollars)	Value 1/ (dollars per ton)	1984 (thousand long tons)
Brazil	203 882 572	3,854 35,205 10,914 	1,529 4,866 84 <u>r/917</u> 38 1,214 <u>r/3</u> /24	28,619 194,497 e/1,206 r/13,069 727 22,924 r/364	18.72 39.97 <u>e</u> /14.36 14.25 19.13 18.88 15.17	1,937 6,219 — 1,198 7 27 834 (<u>4</u> /)
Total <u>5</u> /	1,657	49,973	8,672	<u>r</u> /261,406	30.14	10,222

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census data reported under item 601.24 of the Tariff Schedules of the United States.

r/ revised. NA Not available.

^{1/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

e/ Estimated. r/ Revised.

1/ Customs value. Excludes international freight, insurance, and other c.i.f. charges.

2/ Excludes direct-reduced iron reported as iron ore.

3/ Reported from Greece.

4/ Less than one-half unit.

5/ Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.

Table 6.--U.S. consumption and stocks of iron ore and agglomerates at consuming plants and production of pig iron (Thousand long tons)

		Consumption				
	August	Year to date		August 31		
	1985	1985	1984	1985	1984	
Alabama, Kentucky, Tennessee	.,					
Texas, Missouri	- 500	4,101	3,592	929	1,495	
California, Colorado, Utah Delaware, Maryland, West	- 168	1,299	1,422	162	247	
Virginia	- 510	4,062	4,768	2,234	1,837	
Illinois, Indiana	2,081	16,192	16,800	7,358	8,040	
Michigan, Minnesota New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania	- 443	3,867	4,149	1,612	2,040	
New Jersey, Rhode Island-		13,961	16,106	6,792	7,222	
Total <u>1</u> /	5,186	43,482	46,837	19,087	20,880	
Stocks at U.S. receiving/tra	nsfer docks			1,790	2,056	

	Consumption by process			P	ig iron pro	oduced
	August			August	Year to date	
	1985	1985	1984	1985	1985	1984
Blast furnaces	4,457	37,287 129	39,072 313	3,670	30,436	33,196
Agglomerating plants 2/ Miscellaneous 3/	14 697 17	5,667 400	7,333 120		==	
Total 1/	5,186	43,482	46,837	3,670	30,436	33,196

Source: American Iron Ore Association (consumption of iron ore).
American Iron and Steel Institute (production of pig iron).

 $[\]frac{1}{2}$ / Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding. $\frac{1}{2}$ / Iron ore and iron ore concentrates consumed in agglomerating plants not located at the mine site.

^{3/} Sold to nonreporting companies or used for purposes not listed.

Table 7.--U.S. imports for consumption of iron ore, by customs district (Exclusive of ore containing 10% or more manganese) (Thousand long tons)

Customs district	August 1985	Year	Year to date		
		1985	1984		
Baltimore	74	1/1,722	3,504		
Suffalo		$(\underline{2}/)$	1		
Charleston		62	5		
hicago	53	560	1,299		
Cleveland	86	$\frac{3}{1}$,132	1,893		
etroit	23 13	322	125		
louston		154	101		
obile	304 49	1,777 1/518	822 440		
Philadelphia	1,055	$\frac{1}{2}$,360	1,938		
ther	1,000	65	95		
- Luci					
Total <u>4</u> /	1,657	8,672	10,222		

^{1/} Excludes shipments of direct-reduced from reported as from ore.
2/ Less than one-half unit.
3/ Probably includes more than 250,000 tons received in late 1984 but not recorded until January 1985.

^{4/} Data may not add to totals shown because of independent rounding.