



Mineral Industry Surveys

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GOLD IN DECEMBER 2004

U.S. mines produced 25,200 kilograms (kg) of gold in December 2004, a 10% increase compared with that of November, according to the U.S. Geological Survey. Production of gold in Nevada was up by 12% over the same period. Preliminary U.S. mine production for 2004 was 260,000 kg, which was down by 6% compared with that of 2003.

Domestic.—The Standard Gold Mine near Winnemucca, NV, poured its first gold-silver doré bar. The Apollo Gold Corporation (Greenwood Village, CO), which owns the Standard Gold Mine, expected that the mine would produce 1,200 kg (40,000 troy ounces) of gold in 2005 and eventually produce 3,100 kilograms per year (kg/yr) (100,000 troy ounces per year) of gold (Northern Miner, 2005a; Platts Metals Week, 2005).

Coeur d'Alene Mines Corporation (Coeur d'Alene, ID), the world's leading silver producer, announced that it had received the final supplemental environmental impact statement and record of decision from the U.S. Forest Service for the Kensington gold project located 72 kilometers (km) north of Juneau, AK. Construction was planned to start in March 2005. The 3,100-kg/yr (100,000-ounce-per-year) mine has a potential 10-to-15-year life span. The new mine would increase Coeur d'Alene's gold production by 76% compared with current production rates (Coeur d'Alene Mines Corporation, 2004; Northern Miner, 2005b).

Crown Resources Corporation (Wheat Ridge, CO) received nine patents from the Bureau of Land Management, U.S. Department of the Interior, for gold claims in the Buckhorn Mountain gold project. The gold reserves for the project have been estimated at 30,800 kg (991,000 troy ounces) (Platts Metals Week, 2004b).

International.—Placer Dome Inc. (Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada) announced that its gold production in 2005 was expected to reach 120,000 kg (3.7 million troy ounces), up from 110,000 kg (3.6 million troy ounces) in 2004. The

increase in production was expected to come from the Golden Sunlight Mine in Montana, the North Mara Mine in Tanzania, and the Granny Smith Mine in Australia (Bresnick, 2004). Production from the Cortez Mine in Nevada, however, was expected to decrease (Northern Miner, 2004b).

Barrick Gold Corp. (Toronto, Ontario, Canada) started the process of reactivating the Ruby Hill Gold Mine in Eureka, NV. Construction of a new power plant began in January 2005, and the draft environmental impact statement was expected to be completed in early 2005 (ICMJ's Prospecting and Mining Journal, 2004).

The Bundesbank (the central bank of the Federal Republic of Germany) announced that it had decided to sell 8,000 kg of gold to the German Finance Ministry for gold coin production. The 8,000 kg of gold is far below the maximum 120,000-kg/yr limit allowed by law, and the German Government was hoping that the Bundesbank would sell more to help bring down the German public debt (Platts Metals Week, 2004a).

A friendly merger between Goldcorp Inc. (Toronto, Ontario, Canada) and Wheaton River Minerals Ltd. (Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada) was announced on December 5. Goldcorp offered Wheaton shareholders one share of Goldcorp for every four shares of Wheaton River. The new company will become the fifth leading and the lowest-cost gold producer in North America, with an anticipated gold production of over 34,000 kg (1.1 million troy ounces) in 2005 and proven and probable reserves of 327,000 kg (10.5 million troy ounces) (Mining Journal, 2005; Whyte and Cummings, 2004).

Glamis Gold Ltd. (Reno, NV) poured its first gold bar at the new El Sauzal Mine in Mexico. Glamis estimated that gold production would reach 780 kg (25,000 troy ounces) in 2004 and 5,300 kg (170,000 troy ounces) in 2005. The mine is located 250 km southwest of Mexico City (Northern Miner, 2004a; Platts Metals Week, 2004c).

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 $\label{table 1} \textbf{TABLE 1}$ MINE PRODUCTION OF RECOVERABLE GOLD IN THE UNITED STATES, BY STATE 1

(Kilograms)

		Other						
	California	Nevada	States ²	Total				
2003:								
December	235	17,100	3,910	21,300				
January-December	4,270	227,000	45,700	277,000				
2004:								
January	198	16,900	3,210	20,300				
February	245	15,500	2,890	18,700				
March	243	20,800	3,160	24,200				
April	283	15,500	2,850	18,600				
May	241	18,400	3,000	21,700				
June	1,070	18,600	3,190	22,800				
July	182	18,100	3,250	21,500				
August	164	17,400	3,300	20,900				
September		18,400 ^r	3,510	22,100 °				
October	164	17,700 ^r	3,510	21,400 °				
November	137	18,800 ^r	3,950	22,900 °				
December	W	21,000	4,200	25,200				
January-December	3,100	217,000	40,000	260,000				

Revised. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company propriety data; included with "Other States."

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, and State indicated by symbol W.

TABLE 2 GOLD PRICES

(Dollars per troy ounce)

Engelhard Industries:				
2003:	_			
Low/date	321.09 April 7			
High/date	417.76 December 31			
Average	364.80			
2004:				
October:				
Low/date	412.60/13			
High/date	430.53/25			
Average	421.83			
November:				
Low/date	424.87/3			
High/date	454.82/30			
Average	439.60			
December:				
Low/date	435.39/10			
High/date	455.62/2			
Average	443.37			
Year to date:				
Low/date	376.29 May 10			
High/date	455.62 December 2			
Average	410.52			
Handy and Harman:				
2003, average	363.51			
2004:				
October	420.46			
November	438.21			
December	442.20			
Year to date	409.21			
London Final:				
2003, average	363.51			
2004:				
October	420.46			
November	439.38			
December	442.08			
Year to date	409.21			
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Source: Platts Metals Week.

$\label{eq:table 3} \textbf{U.S. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF GOLD}^1$

(Kilograms of gold content, unless otherwise specified)

	Ores and	Doré and	Refined	4	Waste and scrap	Metal powder	Gold compounds
Period and country	concentrates ²	precipitates	bullion ³	Total ⁴	(gross weight)	(gross weight)	(gross weight)
Imports for consumption:		05.200	152 000	240,000	15,000	4.000	21 000
2003	1,960	95,200	152,000	249,000	15,000	4,080	31,800
2004:							
September	323	16,600	10,200	27,100	2,380	373	11,500
October	351	21,000	9,820	31,200	2,210	226	8,990
November:	-						
Aruba			160	160			
Australia	. 1		10	11			
Brazil			1,050	1,050	(5)		
Canada	100		3,120	3,220	247	8	
Chile	_ 	1,270		1,270		2,020 6	
Colombia		2,950	518	3,470	105		
Costa Rica					106 ⁶		
Dominican Republic			1	1	885	16	
Germany			(5)	(5)		2	3,280 6
Honduras		168	9	176		465	
Israel						2 6	
Japan							1,450 6
Mexico		167	441	607	939		
Nicaragua		270		270	34		
Peru	- 	9,300		9,300			
United Kingdom	- 	4		4			810 6
Other	- 		87	87	88	18 6	
Total	100	14,100	5,390	19,600	2,400	2,530	5,540
Year to date	1,690	125,000	128,000	256,000	19,000	6,370	54,200
Exports:	. 1,070	123,000	120,000	230,000	17,000	0,570	54,200
2003	826	131,000	220,000	352,000	159,000	874	565,000
2004:	. 820	131,000	220,000	332,000	139,000	0/4	303,000
September	212	12,800	18,900	31,900	56,100	46	103,000
	139 ^r						
October	139	10,900	13,300	24,400	73,200	94	85,100
November:	=		10	10		10	
Armenia			18	18		10	
Australia							278 6
Canada	. 1		1,820	1,820	103,000		22,900 6
China							576 ⁶
Dominican Republic	. 93			93			3,920 6
Germany			(5)	(5)			211 6
Hong Kong							2,440 6
Israel			55	55			3,930 6
Japan			1	1	34	3 6	234 6
Mexico			647	647		2	
Singapore							63,500 6
Switzerland		12,000	4,510	16,500	1,200		
Taiwan							6,950 6
United Kingdom		3	1,970	1,980	42,200	7	
Other	1		221	222	14		
Total	95	12,000	9,240	21,300	146,000	22	105,000
Year to date	1,070	125,000	107,000	233,000	700,000	553	1,060,000

Revised. -- Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes gold content of base metal ores, concentrates, and matte imported for refining.

³Bullion also moves in both directions between U.S. markets and foreign stocks on deposit in the Federal Reserve Bank. Monetary gold excluded.

⁴"Waste and scrap," "Metal powder," and "Gold compounds" not included in "Total."

⁵Less than 1/2 unit.

⁶All or part of these data have been referred to the U.S. Census Bureau for verification.